

SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN.

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SEYMOUR, INDIANA, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1909.

PRICE TWO CENTS

ODD FELLOWS

Some Interesting Facts About This Great Fraternity.

In the October Talisman, an Odd Fellows' journal printed at Indianapolis, appears a detailed report of the sovereign grand lodge meeting at Seattle, Wash., September 20 and 21. To all Odd Fellows this report is of interest as it shows how wonderfully that order has grown. There are numerous places in the report that would make interesting reading to members of the order, to members of other orders and to the people in general.

In membership Indiana reported 76,326 members. The following will show where Indiana stands in the grand sovereign lodge: Fifth in subordinate membership; second in encampment membership; first in Rebekah membership; seventh in Patriarch Militant membership; not a delinquent subordinate lodge in twelve years; from June 30, 1891 to June 30, 1909, net gain of 34,492 members; subordinate membership July 1, 1909, 78,101; fourth largest jurisdiction in relief paid; sixth largest jurisdiction in receipts; third largest jurisdiction in resources.

The I. O. O. F. is the largest order in the world according to a comparative table. Here are the comparisons: Odd Fellows, including Rebekah sisters, 1,888,376; Odd Fellows, brothers only, 1,492,478; Odd Fellows, of England, 1,100,000; Free Masons, 1,288,562; Modern Woodmen, 920,079; Knights of Pythias, 698,536; Rebekahs, branch I. O. O. F., 603,931; Woodmen of the World, 529,023; Red Men, 471,661; Eagles, 311,159; Maccabees, 285,841; Elks, 284,321. The table takes a list of all fraternal orders. The total estimated membership of fraternal orders in the United States is 12,000,000.

Baseball.

The people over the country who are interested in baseball are giving much attention just now to the championship series which is being played between Pittsburgh and Detroit. Yesterday the Detroit team won the fourth game of the series and the standing of the teams is now a tie. It is probably that seven games will have to be played to determine the world champions.

Moves to Vincennes.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Diener are packing their goods and will leave Wednesday or Thursday for Vincennes for future residence. Mr. Diener has been engaged in the saloon business in this city for several years. He has recently purchased a saloon in Vincennes and will engage in the same business in that city. Mr. and Mrs. Diener will live at the corner of Sixth and Main streets.

Knights of Pythias.

Tomorrow night Hermon Lodge is expecting to have a meeting of more than usual interest and a big attendance of members is anticipated. The second degree will be conferred and after the work lunch will be served. There will also be a sort of jollification over the election of Judge John M. Lewis to the office of grand outer guard, for his election is an honor to Hermon Lodge.

Well Pleased.

J. U. Montgomery is well satisfied with his automobile. He is able to make the trip over his rural route day after day in three hours less time than he could get around with his horse and wagon. He is having no trouble with his auto and has learned to run it with perfect ease.

Paying Taxes.

The season for paying the fall installment of taxes is at hand and the county treasurer is having numerous callers every day. It never pays to let your taxes go delinquent and there is nothing gained by waiting until the last day in the afternoon to pay up. Now is a good time to get a tax receipt from the county treasurer. Try a Want Ad in The REPUBLICAN.

DIED.

RUSSELL.—Ollie Russell, daughter of Mrs. Nancy Vinson, died Wednesday morning at two o'clock of pulmonary consumption. The deceased was sixteen years of age, and had been sick for several months. Funeral from the home of her step-father, John Vinson, 25 Husted street, Thursday afternoon at two o'clock, conducted by Rev. J. F. Harvey. Burial at Riverview cemetery.

Traction Companies Exempt.

In an opinion to the Indiana State Railroad Commission, Attorney General Bingham holds that the act of the Indiana Legislature of 1907, which provides that a railway company cannot compel an employ to work longer than sixteen consecutive hours, does not apply to traction companies.

The opinion of the Attorney General grew out of some cases that were reported by the railway company for prosecution, and the Attorney General holds that the statute throughout shows conclusively that the law applies to steam railroads only, and as the law is a criminal statute it must be construed within the letter as well as the spirit.

Baptist Rally.

There will be a district rally at the Baptist church in Mitchell, Oct. 19 and 20 and neighboring Baptist churches will participate. Rev. F. M. Huckleberry of this city, is on the program for an address Oct. 19. Other well known Baptists on the program are Rev. U. M. McGuire, of Washington, Rev. C. M. Phillips and Dr. W. B. Pope, of Franklin, Rev. G. M. Lehigh, state evangelist and others. Rev. J. S. Arvin and Rev. Ray Banks, pastors in this county, have places on the program. All the Baptist churches in the Brownstown Association should be represented at the meeting.

Fine Apples.

Henry Beyers has nearly 550 bushels of choice apples stored away in his building on E. Second street, and is one of the finest lots of apples seen in Seymour for some time. The apples, which were shipped from New York state, are for winter use, and Mr. Beyers will keep part of them until later in the winter. He has about 300 bushels of the York Imperial variety and 200 bushels of the Smith's cider apples. There are but few varieties of good winter apples raised in this part of the state, and most of the apples used are shipped from other states.

Initiation.

The Royal Neighbors, an auxiliary of the Modern Woodmen, entertained quite a number of visiting members Tuesday evening. A class of candidates were initiated and the work which was given by the Columbus degree team was appreciated. After the initiatory work was finished a banquet was served by the lodge. Members from Columbus, Scottsburg, Crothersville and Brownstown were present.

Iron for the Blood.

Doctors agree that iron is an important element for the blood, and that it's deficiency is the cause of anemia, run-down conditions, and a general weakness. The best way to administer iron is in the form of VINOL which is a combination of two world-famed tonics, the medicinal elements recovered from fresh Cod's livers and Tonic Iron. The Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co., Seymour, Ind.

Attention K. of P.

There will be work in the Rank of Esquire, Thursday evening, Oct. 14, after which the lodge will give a reception in honor of G. O. G., John M. Lewis. Lunch and good time in general.

T. TRUMBO, C. C.

H. C. JONES, K. of R. & S.

Polar Map.

You will be interested in Explorer Peary's polar map and statement found on the last page of this paper today.

Try a drink of Dixie and Cherry Bounce at Chas. H. Abell's place, 16 St. Louis avenue. ol6d

Pittsburg Wins.

In the championship base ball game today the score was Pittsburg 8, Detroit 4.

Charities Conference.

The people of Columbus are making elaborate preparations for the State Conference of Charities to be held there Oct. 23 to 26. They are expecting several hundred visitors, many more than their hotels can accommodate, therefore they are finding places at private houses. This conference is of state wide importance and some well known men are to speak. Judge Shea, of this city is to preside at one session. Several will go from this city and county to the conference. Some of these will go as delegates.

Premium Corn.

Marshall Vogler has returned from Springfield, Illinois, where he had several exhibits of corn for L. A. Vogler & Son, of which firm he is the junior member. He was successful beyond his expectations, winning first on ten ears of yellow, second on bushel of white and second on ten ears of white. He had competition from all over the country and he is to be congratulated upon the splendid showing he made.—Hope Journal.

Auto Contest.

The automobile owners in this city are interested in the run from Indianapolis to French Lick through this city next Saturday. The nature of the contest as told by the REPUBLICAN yesterday makes it one of much interest. It is expected that there will be many entries in the contest. Some local machine may join the caravan here.

Asks Ages.

Now what do think of this? Robert J. Aley, superintendent of public instruction, is sending out inquiries to the teachers of Indiana and one of the specific things he asks is the age of the teacher. He even insists that the lady teachers answer the question. It is rumored that there are objections to this question.

Missionary Meeting.

The Woman's Missionary Society of the First Baptist church will meet with Mrs. J. H. Boake, corner of Sixth and Chestnut streets, tomorrow afternoon at 2:30. This will be a meeting of more than the usual interest and all members are urged to be present. Visitors welcome.

The second service of the special devotional meetings which are being held at the Presbyterian church each night this week, was in charge of Rev. Harley Jack-on, who preached an excellent sermon. The pastor of the church, Rev. James Omelvena, will conduct the services tonight, which will be more especially for the members of the church. Thursday night the Rev. H. Knauff will address the meeting.

Seventy Years Old.

Rheumatism and neuralgia yield their pain to Perry Davis' Painkiller—so do sprains, burns, bruises, it cures colds, colic, diarrhea. For seventy years it has been doing good. If it's used early suffering is saved and danger avoided. A 35 cent bottle is the new size; but a 50 cent bottle is really the cheapest—it holds so much more.

Henry Brethauer, delinquent tax collector, was in town today. He will be at the city treasurer's office Saturday to accommodate delinquents.

John W. Stegner has sold his place in Woodstock and he and his wife leave tomorrow for Pittsburg, Wis., where they will likely locate.

The Canning factories have completed work on the tomato crop and have begun on pumpkins.

Warm lunch every morning at Kidd's place. Oysters served in all styles. Open all hours. ol6d

Telephone 132, Schmitt's bakery. We deliver. dtt

Fine cigars and tobacco of all kinds at Chas. H. Abell's, 16 St. Louis Ave. Open all night on Saturdays. ol6d

Shave with Berdon, the barber.

JONESVILLE

Getting Ready to Vote For Town Officers.

Two lists of candidates have been nominated for the town offices in Jonesville, yet it is said that politics cuts no figure in either of them. There is a sprinkling from both the republican and democratic parties in the two tickets, which are known as the Citizens' and People's tickets. There was not much of a fight for places on either of the tickets, as the emoluments of the Jonesville town offices are neither large or particularly alluring.

The nominees on the Citizens' ticket are: Marshal, T. J. Hubbard, republican; treasurer, A. J. Vincent, democrat; clerk, George Donhost, republican; trustee First ward, William Thomas, republican; trustee Second ward, C. C. Gray, democrat, and trustee Third ward, W. H. Shumway, republican. The candidates on the People's ticket are: Marshal, Fred Mengler, republican; treasurer, F. E. Pardeck, democrat; trustee First ward, T. R. Phelps, republican; trustee Second ward, W. S. Bedgood, democrat, and trustee Third ward, Samuel Ross, democrat.

Jonesville is not a big town but the people there all get out on election day and vote as is their duty as citizens.

Railroad Wins.

The damage action of David Taflinger against the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Railroad Company occupied all of Tuesday in the Clark Circuit Court, and within fifteen minutes after it went to the jury a verdict in favor of the defendant was returned. Taflinger, while a passenger on defendant's train, received an injury to his hand by a window sash falling on it. He sued on the theory that the window latch was defective and the company was liable for not keeping its property in a safe condition. The jury failed to take that view of the case, and denied his claim for \$1,000.

Circuit Court.

The case of Seba A. Barnes, as signee of A. H. DeGoyer, against Mary Rodert upon a note was decided by a jury yesterday in favor of the defendant, Mrs. Rodert.

The case of Bruce Hurley against John W. Russell, is being tried today. This is a suit for damages brought by the plaintiff against John W. Russell, marshal of Brownstown, who claims that the defendant, Russell, in arresting him, hit him without cause. Russell's defense is that Hurley was resisting arrest, and it was necessary to use the club in order to arrest the plaintiff.

Pleased With Crowd.

H. I. Ellis, advance agent for the Gingerbread Man, which played here Saturday at the Majestic Theatre, was in the city yesterday on his way to Franklin where the company will show next Monday evening. The troupe is in Louisville all this week and played to a good house Monday evening. Mr. Ellis was pleased with the way in which Seymour received the Company when they were in the city.

Aged Lady Sick.

Aunt Esther Carter is reported quite sick at her home on Indianapolis avenue and the members of her family are very uneasy about her condition. She will be ninety years of age next March and her extreme age makes against her.

Woodmen.

All members urged to attend the regular meeting Wednesday night. Business of importance to be transacted. C. W. BURKHART, C. 3rd

Frost and Freeze.

Tuesday night was the coldest so far this fall. There was a heavy frost and thermometer went eight degrees below freezing. There was considerable ice to be seen this morning.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

Fire in the Rhodes Implement company's building at Kansas City caused a \$100,000 loss.

The Middletown (O.) postoffice was entered by expert safe workers, who got away with \$5,581 in stamps.

A revolution has broken out in Nicaragua and Juan J. Estrada has been proclaimed provisional president.

King Alfonso has received many threatening letters declaring that his head will be demanded if he does not spare Ferrer's life.

The French Bar association has adopted resolutions condemning the trial of Prof. Ferrer at Barcelona as a travesty on justice.

A boiler in the power plant of the Amoskeag cotton mills blew up, causing injuries to seven of the mill firemen, two of whom died.

Dispatches from Madrid assert that the cabinet has approved the sentence of death passed on Prof. Ferrer, and that he will be shot today.

More than 20,000 Italians marched in a parade at Chicago yesterday to commemorate the 417th anniversary of the discovery of America.

Mrs. Grover Cleveland has placed her children in a school at Lausanne, Switzerland, where Mrs. Cleveland has taken up her residence for an indefinite period.

An enormous quantity of dynamite was stolen at Stockholm from a storehouse used by rock blasters. Anarchists are believed to have carried off the explosive.

Fifteen or twenty persons were injured, some perhaps fatally, when a freight train crashed into a crowded car of the South Shore interurban line at East Chicago.

Heavy snowfalls for this season of the year have occurred in northern Illinois, southern Michigan, Nebraska, South Dakota and Iowa. In some places the fall was five to six inches in depth.

HIS NECK IN BALANCE

Girl's Affidavit May Save Pennsylvania Negro From Gallows.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 12.—Affirming that Thomas Willis, the negro sentenced to hang here next Thursday for the murder of Cameron Cool is innocent, Rosalie Williams, a young white girl, has made an affidavit which may save Willis's neck from the noose. Willis has claimed all along that he was innocent and the girl has told her attorneys that he was not guilty, though she has no interest in Willis. She made the affidavit and M. B. Schnerr, attorney for Willis, hurried to Harrisburg with it in the hope of inducing Governor Stuart to grant a respite.

Rosalie Williams declares in her affidavit that she was present at Cool's barn on Dec. 6, 1907, the night Cool was murdered, and that the only other persons there were Robert Vallee, a Frenchman, and Henry Todd, a negro, Cool's valet. She said that Vallee quarreled with Cool about loaning money and struck Cool on the head with a revolver. She said that at the time of the murder Willis was not there; that she did not see him at all that night and that he is an entire stranger to her.

Wreck Claims Six Victims.

Greenville, Tex., Oct. 13.—One white man and three negroes were instantly killed and I. Kinney of Danville, Ill., and A. T. Madden, Mattoon, Ill., were probably fatally injured at Kensington, eight miles north of here, when two freight trains on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad collided.

No Cause Known For Suicide.

Mattoon, Ill., Oct. 13.—J. H. Smith, contracting agent for the Terre Haute Drain Tile company, committed suicide in this city by shooting himself with a revolver. He was about fifty years old and a widower. No cause is assigned for the act.

Next Show.

"Thorns and Orange Blossoms" is the title of the next show at the Majestic. It will be here Wednesday, October 20.

Mr. and Mrs. Cliff Wiethoff are today moving back from Columbus and will occupy their property on east Second street. Mr. Wiethoff will continue on the road as traveling salesman. Their many friends are glad they are coming back home.

Want Ads in The REPUBLICAN Pay

Good Prices.

Although quite a large amount of new corn has been placed upon the market the price still remains unusually high. The local dealers are now paying 43 @ 45 cents for this year's corn, which is much more than the usual price at this time of the year. The corn which has been bought by dealers of this city is not entirely dry, although some of it has been shelled. Some of the dealers are advising that new corn be held until it is entirely dry, and while this is being done in some cases, there are about 1000 bushels coming into the city daily. Wheat is also bringing a good price and farmers are getting \$1.14 for what is known as No. 2 wheat. These are unusual prices, especially as the crops were larger than the average.

Talked Too Much.

Charles R. Crane, of Chicago, who was recalled from San Francisco as he was about to sail for Peking to take up his duties as Minister to China, was practically dismissed by Secretary Knox yesterday, Mr. Crane aviring his resignation to President Taft after being requested to do so by the Secretary of State. The Minister designate is accused of "talking too much" and letting out diplomatic secrets. In reply Mr. Crane gave out a scorching interview in which he intimates that the Department of State deliberately set about to being about his retirement and insists that all he said was done with President Taft's approval and by the President's request. Interesting developments are expected to follow.

Popular Salesman.

E. H. Rogers, the courteous oil salesman, is home for his usual over Sunday stay with his family. He had a very successful week, going over his Seymour territory. Mr. Rogers has doubtless the widest acquaintance of any traveling salesman in the state, and he is popular everywhere. He is justly so for the reason that grouch has no part in his make up. He has a smile, a good word and a hand shake for all, and up and down his part of the world he goes a continual joy—a human pure delight.—Hope Journal.

Mr. Rogers is well known in this city and has many friends who are always glad to greet him when he comes to Seymour.

Passengers Victimized.

One of the smoothest schemes reported for some time was worked upon unsuspecting railroad passengers a few days ago in Indianapolis. The passengers had entered the train, and a few minutes before it started a man appeared in the uniform resembling that of a train conductor and shouted "tickets please," and everybody in compliance with the request, handed over their tickets and were none the wiser until the regular conductor asked them for their fares some minutes later. The faker evidently had confederates on the lookout for the train officials, so that he would not be detected at his game. The tickets thus obtained were probably sold to some sculper in the city.

For home made bakery goods telephone Schmitt's bakery. Phone 132. Prompt delivery. dtt

The Progressive Music Co., sold a very fine Ivers & Pond player piano to Mr. Will Clark and wife yesterday. For workmanship and tone this interior player piano is among the very best on the market.

The northbound interurban cars were delayed a short time at Columbus this morning on account of a broken trolley wire. The schedule of the southbound cars was not affected.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Fletcher

Special for Remainder of Week

With each one dollar purchase you can buy
1 sack Red Rose flour 65c
1 sack White Star patent 70c
1 sack Blue Ribbon Patent 70c
1 sack Pillsbury Spring Patent flour 80c

All Orders of \$2.00 and Over Delivered.

Mayes' Cash Grocery

COLD WINDS

Roughen the SKIN. Keep your skin soft and smooth by using

REXALL COLD CREAM.

A complete line of Face Creams in stock. HOT DRINKS at our FOUNTAIN. Phone us your DRUG WANTS.

Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

Registered Pharmacists

Old Phone 400 New Phone 033

DREAMLAND

TONIGHT

"With Her Card"

This is a Biograph Picture

Illustrated Song

"YOU'RE THE ONLY FLOWER"

By Miss Lois Reynolds.

"EAT"

Specials Tonight at

The New Lynn Grill

Oyster Pattie.....15c

Oyster Cocktail.....10c

Oysters Fried.....25c

Orster Stew.....25c

Oysters Raw.....25c

Big Reduction Sale

Of Men's Suits, Pants,

Shoes and Hats.

The FAIR BARGAIN STORE

Second Street and Indianapolis Ave.

NICKEL

TONIGHT

"The Barber's Revenge"

and "Amazons of the Different Periods"

ILLUSTRATED SONG.

"Childhood Days"

By C. G. WEDDLE

Special for Remainder of Week

With each one dollar purchase you can buy

1 sack Red Rose flour 65c

1 sack White Star patent 70c

1 sack Blue Ribbon Patent 70c

1 sack Pillsbury Spring Patent flour 80c

All Orders of \$2.00 and Over Delivered.

Mayes' Cash Grocery

SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

SMITH & REMY, Publishers.

SEYMOUR, - - - INDIANA.

THE TERRIBLE MAN-EATER.

A Tiger That Killed Regularly Fifteen Natives a Month.

There has been much argument as to what prompts a tiger to turn to a diet of human flesh. In most cases it probably begins almost by accident. A tiger, after two or three nights of hunting without a kill, waits hungrily beside a jungle path for what may pass. Perhaps it has been beaten off and bruised by some animal which it had attacked, and besides being half famished, is in no mood to tackle large and dangerous game.

It chances that some sauntering native, a child, perhaps, or woman, thrusts irresistible temptation in its way. Having once learned how feeble a thing a man is, how easily killed and how palatable, it tries again and yet again, until it becomes the scourge of man.

The theory that a man-eater is always an old tiger, more or less toothless and feeble, which has found the strain of catching vigorous wild game too much for its falling strength, has been upset by the bagging of notorious man-eaters, which were found to be young animals in the full pride of their powers; and it is likely that the taste for human blood is passed on from mother to child, the tigress, herself a man-eater, teaching her cubs to hunt as she hunts.

How terrible a thing a man-eater can be may be judged from the fact that a tiger generally kills every second night, whether its quarry be man or beast. Having killed, it makes a meal that night, then drags the carcass somewhere into cover and more or less conceals it as a dog may hide a bone. On the next night its habit is to return to the same kill, and it is in that second visit that the hunter usually finds his opportunity.

It is not the rule for a tiger to return a third time, not because it is above eating carrion, but seemingly it tires of the carcass which it has already twice munched over. Thus one tiger has been known to kill regularly its fifteen natives a month with almost mechanical punctuality. Another, which seemingly did not confine itself entirely to human flesh, devoured an average of eighty persons, men and women, for several years; while yet another is reported to have killed 127 persons and to have stopped traffic on a public road for many weeks.

Many a tiger has killed more human beings than any man has ever scored tigers. On the other hand, if sportsmen sometimes fail to bag their tiger without excuse, native women have been known to beat off the "deep-mouthed brute, dread of the brown man," with nothing more formidable than a bamboo cane.

WOULDN'T IT BE INTERESTING?

One Man's Fine Argument Against Votes for Women.

Chicago boasts among its wealthy residents one man—a cynic—who has arisen with a new argument against votes for women. Recently he wrote a little "piece" for a newspaper which, setting forth his views, is not uninteresting. He starts in graciously conceding that the "average woman has sense enough to cast a ballot," but goes on to say: "Those Legislatures which grant to women at large the suffrage will not be adding anything to the sweet calm of the family fire-side, but they will be introducing into many households a nice, bright, innocent-looking can of nitroglycerine, which sooner or later will receive from some member of the family a swift and hearty kick." How equal suffrage may work is pictured by him as follows: "Suppose I am an old-time Republican, living in a Republican ward and in a precinct that usually goes Republican by a small majority. My wife knows that I vote Republican and that we usually win. She also knows that in our neighborhood there are many undesirable things, from a woman's point of view. There are too many saloons. The school is not just what she likes, the butcher's and grocer's bills are altogether too high. The Republicans rule the land. My wife reasons the Republicans are to blame. Therefore, my good spouse, being now a voter, thinks a change would be a good thing and, being a social woman of ready speech and great persuasive powers, she talks and argues with our neighbors' wives on all possible occasions and persuades them, too, that a change would be beneficial. This kind of electioneering goes on until election day, when the whole bunch marches to the polls and votes the Democratic ticket. The morning after election I see by my daily paper that the Republican candidate in my precinct was beaten by a small majority. Do I go to breakfast with a smiling face and congratulate my better half on the success of her campaign? Well, hardly!"

A GREAT MISSIONARY FIELD.

New York's Evangelical Committee Does Splendid Work in Summer.

The Evangelical Committee of Greater New York has started its annual summer campaign, writes Mabel P. Dargatz, of New York, in the Delinquent. Representatives from eight denominations of the city churches constitute its membership. This will be the fifth year of the work. The movement is unique among evangelistic efforts. Many men have been moved to exhort New York to righteousness. Dwight L. Moody used every now and then to swing around here in his circuit with a warning cry against the modern Babylon, and in a whirlwind revival at Cooper Union or the Grand Central Palace bring sinners by the hundred sobbing to repentance. "New York is the most godless city of a continent," some ten years ago exclaimed Rev. Thomas Dixon, the young Don Quixote at the head of his People's Church, riding full tilt against the stronghold of Tammany Hall. "It is the city of Satan. We will take it for God," said Dowle, who led his Restoration Hosts in a spectacular invasion, ultimately emptying all the vials of his wrath in Madison Square Garden. "New York is the wickedest city on earth, except Paris," says Rev. L. G. Broughton, who periodically comes from Atlanta, Ga., to lash the metropolis for its haunting cafes and its lethargic churches. Even an Indian came not long ago. "The way for New York to be good is to worship the sun," said Wounded Elk, of the Yaquis.

The Modern Girl.

"If anybody doubts the emancipation of the modern girl just let him walk down some street where sporting bulletins are shown between 4 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon and he will mightily soon be convinced," said the New York man with the red mustache.

An Emperor's Orderly.

An old soldier from the Invalides, says the London Express, employed to open office doors from 9 to 4, was registered under the title, "the emperor's orderly."

The Only Way.

"It takes a woman to outwit a lawyer," declared a woman to a lawyer. The lawyer looked incredulous, and the woman went on:

"I know it sounds incredible, still there are occasions when a lawyer is not the chief beneficiary of a suit."

"A friend of mine in the West sued a railroad company for damages and secured a verdict of \$25,000, which was paid. Her counsel didn't get a penny of it."

"She married him," the woman concluded, with a triumphant smile.

Awful Confession.

"Mother," said the repentant, "I've a dreadful thing to confess to you. Last night, when you told me to lie down in bed, I lied down, but after you turned out the gas I grounded my teeth at you in the dark!"

One Cause of Laughter.

"Man is the only animal that laughs," observes the Philosopher of Folly, "and he only does it, as a rule, to avoid offending the fellow who told the story."

In Her Favor.

There's one thing to be said in a woman's favor. She seldom starts out with the avowed intention of having "a high old time."

What would become of the Salvation Army if the guitar and bass drum factories should fail?



N. E. W. S.

North are icebergs, white bears, seals, Eskimos with blubber for meals, Odd sea-birds with wings like fins, Bold explorers with food in tins, Dogs that draw the sledges light, Six months day and six months night, Bright auroras, "sun-dogs" queer, Wintry snow through all the year.

East are tea-plants, silkworms, spice, Elephants huge, wide fields of rice, Chinamen wearing long slim queues, Porcelain vases of richest hues, Bamboo houses, fans and screens, Dragon-kites and palanquins, Fuji-yama, shining clear, Rumbling earthquakes all the year.

West, the prairies wide as seas, Towering cliffs and monster trees, Lofly cataraacts, canyons deep, Ranches raising cattle and sheep, Mines of gold and silver ore, Corn and wheat in endless store, Mountain-ranges, snow-capped, Silent Indians, blanket-wrapped.

South are groves where oranges grow, The cotton-bolls are the only snow, Season of drouth and season of rain, Waving ranks of sugar-cane, Tropical forests where monkeys swing, Where jeweled birds are on the wing, Endless summer, desert sands, Sluggish rivers through fertile lands.

North, East, West, South—the world is wide, Full of wonders on every side.

—St. Nicholas.

Good Friends.



When Robin Talked.

Felix came in with a troubled little face. "Mother," he cried, "do you think Robin is going to be deaf and dumb?"

"Deaf and dumb?" mother repeated, looking puzzled. "Whatever put that into your head?"

"Why, the Stanleys all say he is going to be deaf and dumb, because he is almost two years old and hasn't talked yet."

"Dear me!" laughed mother. "Don't you worry one mite about Robin. Two years isn't so very old not to talk. He'll chatter fast enough pretty soon. Some children learn to talk a great deal younger than others."

When the little brother waked up, Felix took him to the window to see the children coming home from school. "There is Herbert Grant," Felix said. "Can't Robin say, 'Herbert'?"

But Robin only wriggled joyfully on Felix's knees, and waved his fat little hand.

"There's Paul Stanley!" Felix pointed across the street. "Robin, say 'Paul Stanley!'"

"Oo—oo—oo!" was Robin's happy answer.

"I wish you would try to talk, Robin, dear," coaxed Felix. "I don't want folks to think you can't."

"I wouldn't bother about it," mother said, overhearing his plea.

"I love to!" cried Felix.

But although Felix continued his lessons day after day, Robin said not a single word.

One noon the brothers were at the window, as usual, when Felix's attention was taken up by the capers of a boy down the street, and he quite forgot to watch for the Stanley children. Then suddenly there was a glad cry of "Pa-u-l!" right in his ears. He turned and stared at Robin, too amazed for a word.

"Pa-u-l!" exclaimed Robin again, waving his hand excitedly.

"O you darling!" cried Felix. He threw open the window. "Paul!" he called. "Robin said 'Paul!'"

"Oh, I don't believe it!" he laughed. "Pa-u-l!" cried the little voice.

"Hurrah!" shouted the boy, and came darting across the street. "I want to hear that nearer," he said. Robin was saying his first word to his mother when Paul reached them. Felix was afraid the baby would not say it again.

"Now say it once more for Paul Stanley," Felix urged.

"Pa-u-l," patiently repeated the little one, and then, while they were exclaiming and praising, he ended, with a mighty effort, "Ta-n-ne-y!"

Felix nearly went wild. Paul shouted with glee, and darted away home to tell the news.

In a minute or two the whole Stanley family was in the Taylor kitchen, hearing Robin say "Paul," which he did again and again.—Youth's Companion.

A Foolish Child.

There was once a little boy who lived in a house all made of glass. He lived with his mother and his father and his nurse, and he used to have a

rovely time sliding on the glass floors. And everything went well while he was good, but one day he wasn't. He was cross. When he slipped on the glass floor, instead of thinking it fun, he was angry, and when he went down to breakfast he slid down the glass banisters, which he ought not to have done. And he spilled his milk on the glass table and made marks all over the glass walls with soap. And finally he looked out of the win—I mean the wall, for, of course, all the walls were windows—and saw some children playing and making lots of noise. That made his crosser, so he went down to the back yard and collected a lot of stones and went upstairs again and threw them at the children, which was the naughtiest thing yet. He couldn't dodge out of sight, because the whole wall was glass, so when the children looked up they saw him there. They were quite indignant, so they picked up the stones and threw them back at the little boy. They hit the house in all directions, and made such alarming jagged holes that the little boy's mother and father came running in, and taking the little boy's hands ran downstairs and out as quickly as possible. The minute they got outside their beautiful house collapsed completely. The father shook his head.

"We'll have to take a brick cottage," he said. "Oh, my boy, don't you know that people who live in glass houses shouldn't throw stones?"

Quakers' Meeting.

The players in this game kneel upon the ground on one knee and rest their hands upon the other knee, twiddling their thumbs all the time. The one at the head of the line asks the others:

"Friends, did you her of Brother Obadiah's death, and how he died?" The answer will be, "No, how did he die?" Then the leader says, "With one finger up, with one eye shut, and with one shoulder awry." As he speaks he must suit his actions to his words and the company must follow suit. Should any one fail to do so they must pay a forfeit.

What Am I Doing?

The players in this game seat themselves in a row and the leader of the game takes his place behind them, beginning at the top of the row. He makes some absurd gesture and then asks the person behind whom he is standing: "What am I doing?" If the player replies incorrectly, and he generally does, he is doomed to stand up and imitate in silence the gesture he could not guess, until he has leave to sit down.

ENGLAND'S POMPEII.

Wonderful Roman City Near London Soon to Be Excavated.

At the time of the Roman occupation of England Verulamium was one of the most important cities in that country. With Eboracum (York), it enjoyed the dignity of being a municipium, which means that all who were born within its walls could claim Roman citizenship. It was situated a few miles out of what is now the greatest of the world's cities, London, and the British insurrection under Bonadice culminated there in the massacre of 70,000 Romans. In 303, or perhaps earlier, St. Alban, the first English martyr, was beheaded in the site of the present St. Albans abbey. Not long after the ancient town was forsaken, and the new one—St. Albans—grew up on the hill which had shadowed it.

In the center of the site of the old city is the Church of St. Michael, the vicarage of which stands in the middle of what was the forum. A few old walls and other fragments are to be seen here and there, but the Roman city lies for the most part buried under a considerable depth of soil. In the course of the centuries earth has been washed down from the hillside, and earthworms have been busy, and where once lay the proud and splendid city is now the quiet, flower-filled garden of the vicarage, the fields and the glebe and other pastures and plow lands.

This bit of history, while interesting in itself, but introduces a fact in which all scientific London is deeply concerned—viz., that the Earl of Verulam, who owns the land upon which was built the ancient Roman city, has given permission to the Society of Antiquaries to undertake excavations, which will shortly be commenced.

The stones and Roman "bricks" of Verulamium were, of course, much used for later buildings elsewhere. St. Albans abbey is largely built from them. But a great deal still remains under the soil. About sixty years ago, and again in 1869, the theater was partly and temporarily uncovered, and some fine frescoes, pavements and marbles were found. It is the only Roman theater in Britain, and its dimensions are almost exactly the same as those of the theater at Pompeii.

In fact, the whole town of Verulamium singularly resembles Pompeii as regards shape—an irregular oval—dimensions, and arrangement and position of streets and buildings. It is slightly larger, its walls inclosing an area of 190 acres. Its excavations ought to provide extraordinary interest. If it is done thoroughly, as no doubt it will be, there will be within a few miles of London an object lesson of surprising educational and antiquarian value as to how the Romans lived in Britain 2,000 years ago.

Advantage Sometimes Overlooked.

"Another big advantage 'bout stiddy, hard work," said Uncle Eben, "is dat it keeps a man fum havin' time for conversation wif bunco steerers an' gold-brickers."

TRUMPET CALLS.

Ram's Horn Sounds a Warning Note to the Unredeemed.



It takes more than an ear for big words to make a minister of the Word.

Some of the soulless ones are those who have "sung their souls away."

Spiritual astigmatism is often cured by steadily looking up from bended knees.

Some men would be sure of heaven if they could only die in their Sunday blacks.

No wonder religion affects character so little when it is taken as a get-heaven-when scheme.

No man knows how to live so as to die right who has not learned how to die so as to live right.

It is better to be in the rear rank of the right army than in the band wagon of the wrong one.

Some think they have deeply religious natures because they get so much enjoyment out of a funeral.

There's a big difference 'twixt being content with what you have and being satisfied with what you are.

It is no use inviting your Lord to your house when you are shutting the door in the face of His children.

The rule of inverse proportion applied to the size of a woman's hat will give you the weight of her head.

INVENTING A REAPER.

Cyrus Hall McCormick, a Scotch-Irishman, ranks in history as the man who showed how to conquer the vast prairies of the American West. It is interesting to know that his father, Robert, was an inventor of no mean capacity. In his farm workshops he fashioned an ingenious hemp-brake and cleaner to be operated by horse-power. A clover-sheller and a hillside plow were also among his contributions to rural mechanics. R. G. Thwaites, the author of "Cyrus Hall McCormick and the Reaper," says that the son when but 15 years old surpassed the father in his work upon farming implements.

The father's reaping machine, standing outside the blacksmith shop on the home farm, had been a familiar and alluring spectacle to the boy. His imagination was early fired with a desire to conquer the great practical difficulties of mechanical reaping. When the father acknowledged himself defeated, Cyrus took up the problem on his own account. Later in that same summer of 1831, when but 22 years of age, young McCormick constructed a machine essentially unlike any mechanism proposed by his father or any others who had before under taken the task. He immediately demonstrated by practical tests that the successful type had thus been created; and he never departed from that type, in conformity wherewith all success in this art has since proceeded.

The grain supply of the world was then being gathered by hand, with no better implement than the sickle and the cradle, when, in the harvest of 1831, young Cyrus Hall McCormick entered a field on Walnut Grove farm and demonstrated to his delighted father that he had at last established the correct principle of cutting. His experimental mechanism was of the rudest sort; but finding that the plan was satisfactory, to use his own words, "I had my machine more completely made, with the addition of a gathering reel, and with a better arranged divider, ready for trial in a neighboring field of late oats, during the same harvest, in which I then cut very successfully six or seven acres of crop."

It is recorded that Robert McCormick declared to a neighbor, "The reaper is a success, and I believe that I could not have made it so; but it makes me feel proud to have a son do what I cannot."

Taking No Chances.

"One of the funniest incidents in court I have ever witnessed," says a Kansas City lawyer, "occurred in a petty court of our city."

"An old offender had been haled before the magistrate. After a conference with the clerk of the court, his honor began sternly to address the culprit as follows:

"I gather that you have already been sentenced ten times for violent assault, disorderly conduct, attempted—"

"Whereupon to the amazement of all in court the prisoner hastily interposed with:

"I beg your honor's pardon, but would you mind not speaking so loud? My intended mother-in-law is in court, and it might damage my prospects."

Too Many "Rights" for Criminals.

In the fight that never ends between the criminal and society more and more advantage is given to the former. He is handled tenderly. His rights are large, and they are respected even if honest men's rights suffer. Some of his privileges might be withdrawn with no loss to any one meriting such consideration.—London Times.

Every time a man has his fortune told he gets rid of a small portion of it.

Some people measure the world by the size of their back yard.

MORE PINKHAM CURES

Added to the Long List due to This Famous Remedy.

Camden, N.J.—"It is with pleasure that I add my testimonial to your already long list—hoping that it may induce others to avail themselves of this valuable medicine, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I suffered from terrible headaches, pain in my back and right side, was tired and nervous, and so weak I could hardly stand. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored me to health and made me feel like a new person, and it shall always have my praise."

—Mrs. W. P. VALENTINE, 902 Lincoln Avenue, Camden, N. J.

Gardiner, Me.—"I was a great sufferer from a female disease. The doctor said I would have to go to the hospital for an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound completely cured me in three months."

—Mrs. S. A. WILLIAMS, R. F. D. No. 14, Box 33, Gardiner, Me.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, indigestion, dizziness, and nervous prostration. It costs but a trifle to try it, and the result is worth millions to many suffering women.

A Lesson in Logic.

It is only within the memory of living man that legislation has undertaken to protect domestic animals from the cruelty of their owners. Ownership was held to be absolute by most, but there was one man in England a hundred years ago who could demonstrate the untenable nature of this theory. This man was Thomas Erskine, one of the greatest lawyers and advocates of his age. A tradition survives at Hampstead, the residence of Lord Erskine, which Mr. Charles G. Harper has put into his book, "Rural Nooks Round London," and which shows how this legal authority would have administered more recent laws.

It is related that the celebrated Lord Erskine, walking one day on Hampstead Heath, saw a ruffianly driver shamefully thrashing a miserably ill-cared-for horse.

My lord remonstrated with the driver on the cruelty of it; whereupon the fellow retorted, "It's my own; mayn't I use it as I please?" and started whacking the wretched animal worse than ever.

Erskine, greatly annoyed, laid his walking-stick over the shoulders of the offender, who, crouching and grumbling, asked my lord—this is the drawing-room version, not a verbatim report, which would read rather differently—what business he had to touch him with the stick.

"Why?" said Erskine, "the stick's my own; mayn't I use it as I please?"

George's Discovery.

"George," said the Titian-haired schoolmarm, "is there any connecting link between the animal kingdom and the vegetable kingdom?"

"Yeth, ma'am," answered George promptly; "hash."—Everybody's.

Not on Democratic Principles.

Perhaps it may be laid down as a general rule that a legislative assembly, not constituted on democratic principles, cannot be popular long after it ceases to be weak.—Macaulay.

THE DOCTOR'S WIFE

Agrees with Him About Food.

A trained nurse says: "In the practice of my profession I have found so many points in favor of Grape-Nuts, food that I unhesitatingly recommend it to all my patients."

"It is delicate and pleasing to the palate (an essential in food for the sick) and can be adapted to all ages, being softened with milk or cream for babies or the aged when deficiency of teeth renders mastication impossible. For fever patients or those on liquid diet I find 'Grape-Nuts' and albumen water very nourishing and refreshing."

"This recipe is my own idea and is made as follows: Soak a teaspoonful of Grape-Nuts in a glass of water for an hour, strain and serve with the beaten white of an egg and a spoonful of fruit juice for flavoring. This affords a great deal of nourishment that even the weakest stomachs can assimilate without any distress."

"My husband is a physician and he uses Grape-Nuts himself and orders it many times for his patients."

"Personally I regard a dish of Grape-Nuts with fresh or stewed fruit as the ideal breakfast for anyone—well or sick."

In any case of stomach trouble, nervous prostration or brain fog—a 10-day trial of Grape-Nuts will work wonders toward nourishing and rebuilding and in this way ending the trouble."

"There's a Reason," and trial proves. Look in pkgs. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Answer This Question

When shown positive and reliable proof that a certain remedy had cured numerous cases of female ills, wouldn't any sensible woman conclude that the same remedy would also benefit her if suffering with the same trouble?

Here are two letters which prove the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Red Banks, Miss.—"Words are inadequate to express what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I suffered from a female disease and weakness which the doctors said was caused by a fibroid tumor, and I commenced to think there was no help for me. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me a well woman after all other means had failed. My friends are all asking what has helped me so much, and I gladly recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. Willie Edwards.

Hampstead, Maryland.—"Before taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was weak and nervous, and could not be on my feet half a day without suffering. The doctors told me I never would be well without an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done more for me than all the doctors, and I hope this valuable medicine may come into the hands of many more suffering women."—Mrs. Joseph H. Dandy.

We will pay a handsome reward to any person who will prove to us that these letters are not genuine and truthful—or that either of these women were paid in any way for their testimonials, or that the letters are published without their permission, or that the original letter from each did not come to us entirely unsolicited.

What more proof can any one ask?

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.



Indianapolis, Columbus and Southern Traction Co.



In effect June 1, 1909.

North-bound Cars Lv. Seymour TO

6:53 a. m.	1:30 p. m.
8:13 a. m.	2:50 p. m.
8:53 a. m.	3:51 p. m.
9:17 a. m.	4:09 p. m.
9:53 a. m.	4:50 p. m.
10:53 a. m.	5:50 p. m.
11:17 a. m.	6:09 p. m.
11:53 a. m.	6:50 p. m.
12:53 p. m.	7:50 p. m.
1:17 p. m.	8:50 p. m.
1:53 p. m.	9:50 p. m.
2:53 p. m.	10:50 p. m.
3:17 p. m.	11:50 p. m.
3:53 p. m.	12:50 p. m.
4:53 p. m.	1:50 p. m.
5:53 p. m.	2:50 p. m.
6:17 p. m.	3:50 p. m.
6:53 p. m.	4:09 p. m.
7:53 p. m.	4:50 p. m.
8:17 p. m.	5:50 p. m.
8:53 p. m.	6:09 p. m.
10:20 p. m.	6:50 p. m.
11:53 p. m.	7:50 p. m.

I.—Indianapolis. G.—Greenwood. C.—Columbus. *—Dixie Flyers. x—Seymour-Indianapolis Limiteds.

*Cars make connections at Seymour with trains of the B. & O. R. R. and Southern Indiana R. R. for all points east and west of Seymour.

For rates and full information see agents and official time table folders in all cars.

General Offices—Columbus, Indiana.

Indianapolis and Louisville Traction Company



In effect June 1, 1909.

Hoosier Flyers leave Seymour for Columbus, Edinburg, Franklin, Greenwood and Indianapolis at: 9:17, 11:17 a. m. and 1:17, 3:17, 6:17, 8:17 p. m.

Dixie Flyers leave Seymour for Crothersville, Scottsburg, Sellersburg, Watson Junction, Jeffersonville and Louisville at: 9:11, 11:11 a. m. and 2:11, 4:11, 6:11, 8:11 p. m.

Local Cars leave Seymour for Louisville and all intermediate points at: 5:54, 7:54, 9:54, 11:54 a. m. and *12:51, *2:51, *4:54, *6:54, *8:54, *11:00.

Local freight service daily except Sunday between Seymour and Jeffersonville. Car arrives at 5:35 p. m. leaves at 6:30 p. m.

For rates and information see Agents' time table folders in all

Scottsburg only.

H. D. MURDOCK, Supt.

Scottsburg, Ind.

MEDAL FLOUR

EDITORS WILL STAY AT HOME

Uncle Sam Balked In Extraordinary Design.

INDIANAPOLIS NEWS WINS OUT

Judge Anderson, of the Federal Court at Indianapolis, Says Owners of News Shall Not Be Taken to Washington to Answer Charge of Libel Brought by Government in Connection With Panama Canal Publication—Government's Agent Says Editors May Be Nabbed if They Ever Go to Washington.

Indianapolis, Oct. 13.—In the federal court yesterday, Judge Anderson denied the right of the government to remove Delavan Smith and Charles R. Williams, owners of the Indianapolis News, to the District of Columbia to answer charges of criminal libel preferred to an indictment found by the grand jury at Washington. In a verbal opinion delivered immediately at the conclusion of the argument by District Attorney Miller on the merits of the government's contention that the two defendants should be required to appear at Washington, the court summarily announced that Messrs. Smith and Williams would be discharged.

The alleged libelous articles were found in certain stories and editorials published in the News concerning the purchase of the Panama canal from the French government. The articles printed were to the effect that a syndicate had purchased the canal for \$12,000,000 and sold it to the government for \$40,000,000. Those who alleged they had been libeled were Chas. P. Taft, Theodore Roosevelt, Douglas Robinson, William Nelson Cromwell and others.

Stuart McNamara, assistant United States attorney general, who represented the department of justice in the prosecution of the case, stated that he could not tell what action, if any, will be taken in Washington so far as serving the papers on the two defendants should they appear in the District of Columbia.

"Could these papers be served on Messrs. Smith and Williams if they were to appear in Washington?" he was asked.

"They could," he answered.

IN CHIHUAHUA

President Diaz Moving Along on His Way to El Paso.

Chihuahua, Mexico, Oct. 13.—President Diaz will pay his first visit to Chihuahua today. He will arrive at 5 o'clock this evening and will be received by Governor Enrique Creel and many other public men. The city is decorated from one end to the other in honor of the distinguished visitor. On Friday the president will proceed in his special train leisurely to Juarez to be ready to meet President Taft the next day.

THE NEW CHINA

Ancient Despotism Government Practically Ceased Today.

Mukden, Oct. 13.—The ancient despotism government of China terminated today. All the legislatures of the self-governing provinces throughout the empire are today holding their first meetings preparatory to the drafting of a constitution for the empire. Each province will be represented in the imperial assembly that will draft the constitution with fifty members publicly elected.

Wanted at Fort Wayne.

Indianapolis, Oct. 13.—A requisition has been issued in the governor's office for the arrest and return of A. H. Coleman, now in New York, who is wanted in Fort Wayne for forgery. The complaint on which the requisition was issued was signed by William H. Knapp, a proprietor of a hotel in that city. Coleman is a traveling salesman and is charged with presenting a forged check for \$15, which Mr. Knapp cashed.

Remains a Mystery.

Tiverton, R. I., Oct. 13.—Although added evidence of the fact that a murder had been committed was found through the discovery of the torso of the young woman whose legs were found in the underbrush adjoining Bulgermarsh road, the police are still without a clue as to the identity of the victim or of those responsible for the murder.

Raid on the Jamaica Track.

New York, Oct. 13.—A fresh chapter in Governor Hughes' anti-racetrack gambling crusade, which resulted recently in indictments against the Brooklyn Jockey club and the Coney Island Jockey club, resulted yesterday in twelve arrests at the Jamaica track.

David Belasco, the playwright, who has been seriously ill with pneumonia, is declared out of danger.

Eventually



Why Not Now?

Copyright 1909—Washburn-Crosby Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

FORMER ICE KING DUE FOR THE PEN

Sentence Against Charles W. Morse Sustained.

New York, Oct. 12.—Charles W. Morse, one time "ice king," coastwise steamship line organizer, banker and capitalist, will serve fifteen years at hard labor in the federal prison at Atlanta, Ga., unless the supreme court of the United States reverses the decision or the president of the United States intercedes. After having been at liberty under \$125,000 bail since June 17 last, he is back in the Tombs prison, where he contemplates the decision of the United States circuit court of appeals sustaining the judgment of the lower federal court, which found him guilty in November last of violating the national banking laws.

There was solace in the decision of the court of appeals, however, in that only ten of the fifty-three indictments on which he was convicted were sustained, and on the strength of this his counsel will immediately carry the case before the United States supreme court on a writ of certiorari. To this end the United States court of appeals has granted a forty days' stay of execution and pending a decision by the supreme court application will be made to have the prisoner again admitted to bail.

Morse took this decision calmly, though he was plainly grief-stricken and perhaps surprised. One of Morse's keenest regrets at being forced to return to prison is the interruption of his beaver-like struggle to rebuild his fortune. Since his liberation under bail he had been re-elected president of the Metropolitan Steamship company, a New England corporation, and of the Hudson Navigation company, operating a line of boats on the Hudson. He is credited with having discharged the bulk of his debts.

SHOT GRAZES HEAD WHILE AUTO RIDING

Narrow Escape of Elwood Railway Superintendent.

Elwood, Ind., Oct. 12.—When a man with a shotgun stepped out from a clump of trees at South P and Twentieth streets, and shot at D. D. Edmunds, superintendent of the Elwood, Anderson & Lapel railway, what is believed to have been an attempt to assassinate Thomas O'Brien, district manager of the American Sheet and Tin Plate company occurred.

Mr. Edmunds was driving an automobile, and the shot grazed the hair on the back of his head and caused a slight abrasion of the skin. He got a good view of the would-be assassin, but he ran before Edmunds could stop his machine and return to the place where the shooting occurred. Mr. Edmunds thinks he was mistaken for Mr. O'Brien, from the fact that their machines are similar in appearance, and in the darkness the railroad man might easily be taken for the tin plate works manager.

Scurrilous circulars were distributed about the city Saturday, giving the definition of a "scab" as set out by the courts of England. It is believed here that the mind of a strike sympathizer was inflamed by this circular and that he tried to put the manager out of the way in the hope of ending the strike here.

Mr. Edmunds is a quiet and unobtrusive man. He has no known enemies here and is in no way connected with the strike other than that his road handles all the material in and out of the tin plate mills. The police have not been able to get a clue to the would-be assassin.

OVERTAXED

Hundreds of Seymour Readers Know What It Means.

The kidneys are overtaxed; Have too much to do. They tell about it in many aches and pains—Backache, sideache, headache, Early symptoms of kidney ills. Urinary troubles, diabetes, Bright's disease follow.

Mrs. Thomas Geary, 132 McKee street, Greensburg, Indiana, says: "Doan's Kidney Pills have been a blessing to me. I suffered with backaches, headaches and such severe pains across the loins that I could not rest at night or get any comfort at any time, day or night. I had no ambition and was unable to attend to my household duties. I had kidney and bladder trouble, and the profuse flow of the secretions day and night gave me considerable annoyance. I doctored for these ailments but got no relief until I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and they gave me relief at once. The aches and pains soon vanished, I can now sleep well, and I have no more kidney trouble. Doan's Kidney Pills gave me quick and permanent relief."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

What Barrie's Friends Say.

London, Oct. 12.—"If James M. Barrie, the author and playwright, wins the divorce suit he has begun in the high court of justice, he will marry Miss Pauline Chase, the American actress, for whom he always has shown undisguised admiration," Mr. Barrie's friends are telling each other.

"I'd Rather Die, Doctor."

than have my feet cut off," said M. L. Bingham, of Princeville, Ill. "But you'll die of gangrene (which had eaten away eight toes) if you don't," said all doctors. Instead he used Bucklen's Arnica Save till wholly cured. Its cures of Eczema, Fever Sores, Burns and Piles astounded the world. 25c at Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

Boston, Oct. 12.—Three Chinese murderers, Min Sing, Leong Gong and Hom Woon, were put to death in the electric chair at the state prison in Charlestown early this morning. The three murderers died as Roman Catholics, having been baptized on Sunday by one of the prison chaplains.

So persistent grew the reports that nearly everyone felt that cannibalism was resorted to by the starving men of the Greely expedition, and the grave was opened. The huge iron box was removed. Fifty-two iron bolts secured the lid and these being unscrewed, the lid was raised. A strong odor of alcohol emanated from the casket.

The remains were identified, not by any resemblance they bore to the unfortunate young man in life, but by certain little physical marks, such as a deformed nail on one of his fingers, a peculiar tooth and the red color

AN ECHO OF ILL-FATED GREELY EXPEDITION

Gruesome Story of Will Whistler's Fate Recalled.

Delphi, Ind., Oct. 11.—The fate of Will Whistler of Carroll county in the Greely expedition of 1881 to 1884, and whose body lies in the little cemetery on the Whistler farm between Delphi and Rockfield, are recalled by tales of the frozen north and hardships endured brought back by Cook and Peary.

Young Whistler was born at the family home there in 1856. In 1879 he enlisted in the United States army, and in 1881, on account of his unusual strength and splendid physique, he was assigned with some twenty-three other young men to the polar expedition sent out under Lieutenant A. W. Greely to establish circumpolar stations for scientific purposes.

The last heard from him was on Aug. 12, 1881, when a returning vessel brought letters from all the members of the expedition. Greely and his men were caged up in the frozen north from that time until June 22, 1884, when he and five remaining men were rescued in a starving condition at Cape Sabine by the third relief expedition sent out to bring them home. But Will Whistler was not among them. He was reported to have died on May 22, 1884, just one month before the relief reached them, being the last of seventeen to meet a similar fate.

The body was sent to Delphi in a hermetically sealed coffin and the army officers had strict orders prohibiting any attempts toward opening it. Following the funeral service the reports given out by the soldiers that contagious disease might result if the coffin were opened caused much comment and finally disclosures made in New York and Washington caused the relatives to make an examination.

So persistent grew the reports that nearly everyone felt that cannibalism was resorted to by the starving men of the Greely expedition, and the grave was opened. The huge iron box was removed. Fifty-two iron bolts secured the lid and these being unscrewed, the lid was raised. A strong odor of alcohol emanated from the casket.

The remains were identified, not by any resemblance they bore to the unfortunate young man in life, but by certain little physical marks, such as a deformed nail on one of his fingers, a peculiar tooth and the red color

Woman's Beauty

Some women retain their beauty to an advanced age. But women, who regularly endure pain, age rapidly, for suffering leaves its lasting marks on them.

Nearly all women suffer more or less with some form of female trouble. It should not be neglected. Avoid the pain—treat yourself at home by taking Cardui, as thousands of other women have done. Begin at once and give Cardui a fair trial.

TAKE CARDUI

It Will Help You

Mrs. Katie Burlison, Goreville, Ill., tried Cardui and writes: "I suffered with female troubles, and was so sick I could not stand on my feet. Finally I began to take Cardui, and soon began to mend. Now I am able to do all my housework and am in much better health than I was before." Try it.

AT ALL DRUG STORES

Handsome Fall Dress Goods, Suits, Coats, Skirts and Shirt Waists in Broad Assortment

DON'T read this, but if you do then read it twice. We are not taxidermists, but whatever the characteristics of your figure may be, our methods of measuring and describing you are so thorough that our Chicago tailors,

Ed. V. Price & Co.,

can make to your individual order a suit or overcoat that will fit you admirably and satisfy you completely—at forty to sixty per cent. below average tailors' prices.

Select your preference of hundreds of beautiful Fall and Winter woolsens. Today!

WEITHOFF & KERNAN

Exclusive local representatives of Ed. V. Price & Co., Merchant Tailors, Chicago

Cut This Out

and bring it with you to PLATTER'S Gallery and you will get one photo extra with each dozen photos ordered. The extra one mounted on larger and finer card or folder.

PLATTER & CO.

Schaefer's Bakery and Confectionery

Rye Bread, Cream Bread, Pumpernickle, Boston Brown Bread, Light Bread, Buns and Rolls, Cakes, Pies and All Kinds of Pastry. Special Orders Will Receive Prompt Attention. Full Line of Imported Cheese. 3 WEST SECOND STREET. Phone 217

THELMA WEEK

This is the week to get acquainted with Thelma. Perhaps you are aware that Thelma is one of the delightful and permanent creations of late years. No other perfume like it. Try Nyal's Peroxide Cream for tan and freckles.

COX PHARMACY CO.
Phone 100.

STOVES TO BLACK

WE will put your stoves in good order and do necessary repair work. We have a good selection of second hand heating stoves, cook stoves and ranges. We buy and sell second hand furniture of all kinds. A few good pieces of oak furniture on hand. Telephone Number 250.

J. A. Gorbett & Son,
118 S. Chestnut St., Seymour, Ind.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

Prescriptions
A Specialty

GEORGE F. MEYER'S
DRUG STORE

You have only to see the handsome showing of beautiful Dress Goods we have assembled for the Fall's selling to be as enthusiastic about them as we are. Our showing includes the well known Broadhead Fabrics, which are fully shrunk and spot proof. Also the cravenetted shower proof cloth.

We can say without hesitation we have the best styles from the best makers of women's and misses' high class apparel—tailored Suits, Coats, Skirts.

Come and see—no trouble to show goods.

SEYMOUR DRY GOODS CO.
104 SOUTH CHESTNUT STREET

THE REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH, Editors and Publishers
EDW. A. REMY

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana Postoffice as Second-class Matter.

DAILY

One Year.....\$5.00
Six Months.....2.50
Three Months.....1.25
One Month......45
One Week......20

WEEKLY

One Year in Advance.....\$1.00

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1909

REPUBLICAN CITY TICKET.

For Mayor

FRED EVERBACK

For Clerk

JOHN HAUENSCHILD

For Treasurer

FILDEEN LETT

For Councilmen-At-Large

SHERMAN DAY

JOHN A. GOODALE

For Councilmen

1st Ward, SAMUEL HODAPP,

2nd Ward, JOHN L. VOGEL,

4th Ward, OLIVER D. LUMPKIN,

5th Ward, WILLIAM R. DAY.

ALL the republicans have to do in Indianapolis to elect their ticket is to vote the ticket. The same is true in Seymour. In Indianapolis the republicans have the best ticket up and that is what the republicans of Seymour have.

THERE has been a good deal of talk among the people about light since the REPUBLICAN gave the information Saturday that four members of the council had been in conference with Russell Harrison at Indianapolis. It is a subject in which the people are deeply concerned and now is the time to talk light. Get busy. A searchlight sometimes serves a good purpose.

At last Peary springs his sensation. He publishes a map made by himself. But he will have to prove everything he says. He has acted so mean about this north pole business that the people are out of sympathy with him. He and Dr. Cook can be decent towards each other while submitting their proofs. The people will judge who is right. Peary's map and his statement appear on last page of this paper today.

SENATOR BEVERIDGE was given a great ovation when he spoke at South Bend several days ago and more recently he was given another ovation at Lagrange where he made an address. He has always been strong with the people of Indiana and he is stronger now than ever before. The people of the state want him to continue to represent them in the United States senate where he has served them so ably and so well.

THE REPUBLICAN insists that if the time limit of contract with the Indiana Public Utilities Company is to be extended the city should be safeguarded by a cash bond of not less than \$5000, the same to go to the city if contract is not complied with. The mayor is in position to see that this is done and the people should at once see Mayor Kyte and insist that the city be protected. It will be up to him to approve or disapprove the "time limit extension" resolution and the people will expect him to look well to their interests.

NEARLY every body is putting up stoves and looking after wood and coal to burn in them. A little cold snap makes some kinds of business lively.

SEE our store news columns today. This cool weather will start you out to do some shopping and you can save both time and money by keeping up with our advertisers.

WITH the light service very unsatisfactory and the contract with the city for street lights expiring in two weeks, the people have a right to be anxious about light for the future.

JUDGE ANDERSON, of the Indiana district court, decides against requiring the editors of Indianapolis News to go to Washington City for trial on the charge of criminal libel.

SINCE the Indiana Public Utilities Company has had fifteen months' time to get to work and has done nothing, no wonder that the people are asking questions now.

WHO has given options on ground for a new light plant? It was said in council meeting that the two options had been secured. This is business that concerns the public and the people would like to know.

AS CITY clerk Fred Everback has demonstrated his faithfulness to duty, Seymour never had a better city clerk than he and he will fill the office of mayor with the same fidelity. He is familiar with all the duties of the office and he has the ability to perform these duties. He will make Seymour an excellent mayor.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreadful disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundations of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for our list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO.,

Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 72c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Mrs. William Meseke, who has been very sick for several days of typhoid fever, is much worse this afternoon.

E. Burnham's "Kafos" Cream
"Without an equal." Will prevent tan and sunburn, allow all irritations caused by sharp winds. Price 50c. At all dealers or direct from us.

Whole sale: 67 E. Wash'n St. CHICAGO
Retail: 70 & 72 State St.

"Will Go on Your Bond"

Will write any kind of
INSURANCE

Clark B. Davis

LOANS NOTARY

MR. CRANE GETS HIS DISMISSAL

Talkative Diplomat Not To Knox's
Liking.

CUT OUT OF FINE TRIP TO CHINA

After a Conference With the Head of the State Department, Charles R. Crane, Who Was Brought Back to Washington on Eve of Sailing to Take Up Chinese Mission, Receives the Intimation That His Resignation Is Deemed Desirable For the Good of the Public Service.

Washington, Oct. 13.—When Secretary of State Knox virtually forced Mr. Crane out of the diplomatic service, a practical ending to the incident involving allegations of indiscreet conduct against Charles R. Crane of Chicago, who was recently appointed American minister to China, came. Mr. Knox asked Mr. Crane to tender his resignation, but the latter declined to hand it to Mr. Knox, and instead notified President Taft by telegraph that it was at Mr. Taft's disposal. Realizing how the land lay, Mr. Crane sent his telegram to President Taft before he received a note from Mr. Knox saying that Mr. Crane's resignation would be accepted. While technically Mr. Crane is still the American minister to China, President Taft's acceptance of his resignation probably will be at hand today. In a statement given to the press which was issued after Secretary Knox had been in consultation with Henry M. Hoyt, the counselor of the state department, and Fred W. Carpenter, secretary to the president, Mr. Knox indicated that the sole cause for desiring to revoke Mr. Crane's commission was that the latter had been guilty of furnishing an indiscreet interview to a Chicago newspaper.

While denying that all the information contained in the newspaper article which Mr. Knox found objectionable was furnished by him, Mr. Crane declared that in his judgment what he did say to the newspaper was in accordance with the spirit of the president's wishes that he should talk freely. After receiving Mr. Knox's letter requesting his resignation and prior to issuing his statement this evening, Mr. Crane sent a note to the secretary of state in which he practically ignored Mr. Knox's suggestion.

While the only formal accusation made against Mr. Crane was that he had furnished certain information to a newspaper, which information the state department declares to be incorrect, there are certain circumstances in connection with the case which lead to the belief that Mr. Crane's downfall was due in a measure to other causes. In some of his speeches at luncheons and dinners, Mr. Crane made remarks that were regarded as extremely indiscreet in view of his official position. One of these remarks, contained in an address made by Mr. Crane at the dinner of the American Asiatic Society in New York last month, indicated a belief on Mr. Crane's part that he was not in accord with the "present hold-up policy" of the state department, to use Mr. Crane's own words. In the same speech he expressed great admiration for President Taft and intimated apparently in a semi-jocular way, that Mr. Taft was the only Republican in whose ability to handle the reins of government Mr. Crane had confidence.

Mr. Crane was a Democrat up to the time Mr. Taft ran for the presidency, and the cause of his conversion to Republicanism, so he indicated, was due to a feeling of personal admiration for Mr. Taft.

The President Says Nothing.

Riverside, Cal., Oct. 13.—After spending eight days in California, President Taft left here late last night and is speeding across the Colorado desert. Today finds the chief executive in Arizona, his journey back to the east well under way. The president sent a long cipher message to Washington. It was declared on the president's train that any information on the position of Minister Crane must come from the state department, where the entire matter has been handled.

Japanese Are Gratified.

Tokio, Oct. 13.—Little surprise was expressed by officials here at the news that Secretary Knox had determined to recall Charles R. Crane, minister-designate to China. Leading Japanese expressed gratification at the action of Secretary Knox, as it indicated a determination to discountenance prejudiced speeches and an unfriendly attitude on the part of officials in dealings with Japan.

Clothes Caught at Open Grate.

Indianapolis, Oct. 13.—Mrs. Nancy Micks of Defiance, O., who is visiting her mother, Mrs. Lucy Hellshorn, in McLain street, was perhaps fatally burned by having her clothing catch fire from an open grate.

Robbers at Connersville.

Connersville, Ind., Oct. 13.—Mrs. Esther House was bound hand and foot, chloroformed and robbed of \$200 at her home, within two blocks of the police station.

You'll Be Needing WARM BEDDING NOW



Fortunately, our immense stock of blankets and comforters were bought long ago. There has been a decided advance in the market on most of these lines, but we are in a position to supply your wants at a low standard of prices. Cooler weather at hand will necessitate warm bedding, and our advice to those in need—BUY NOW at the prevailing prices, for in many instances we will be unable to duplicate the same values.

BLANKETS, single, come in gray only, bordered, 10-4 size, a limited number on sale at each - 29c

BLANKETS, gray, bordered, they are of medium size and they're real good values, price at, pair - 39c

BLANKETS, 10-4 size, come in gray only, pink or blue borders, taped edges, special price, pair - 45c

BLANKETS, in tan only, full 10-4 size, extra good quality and weight, worth more than this price - 69c

BLANKETS, gray, 11-4 size, these are large and are really worth \$1.00 pair, special now, pair - 79c

BLANKETS, extra large size, in gray only, heavy weight, at a lower price now than later, pair - 85c

BLANKETS, Woolnap, they look and feel like wool, extra large, in white tan and gray, only \$1.79

BLANKETS, Woolnap, being 12-4 size they are the longest made, come in gray only, at \$2.19

BLANKETS, wool, large sizes in white, gray and fancies, equal to most \$5.00 kind, at pair \$3.98

COMFORTS, of good quality covering, filled with cotton, special big lot on sale, now at, each 98c

Equally as good comfort values ranging up to, each \$2.50

The Gold Mine Department Store

Store Open Evenings Until 8 O'clock.

GARLAND
Stoves—Ranges
Gas Ranges—Heaters

80 Tons of Iron a Day

Melted to Make "GARLANDS"
"The World's Best."

For 37 years the most extensively sold.

May as well have the "GARLAND."

You pay just as much for inferior makes.

All Ranges are supplied with "GARLAND" Oven Heat Indicator.

Sold by the Best Dealers Everywhere.

Write for Illustrated Free Book.

UNION HARDWARE COMPANY

October Days

With their chilly air, too cool to be without fire yet not cool enough for the big stove, call for our

New Perfection Blue Flame Coal Oil Heater

No smoke, no odor. Just the thing to make home comfortable. Call and see them.

W. A. Carter & Son

Building Material

For the Best at
the Lowest Price
Delivered on
Short Notice, See

Travis Carter Co.

W. H. BURKLEY

REAL ESTATE
INSURANCE
and LOANS
SEYMOUR, INDIANA

ANNA E. CARTER

NOTARY PUBLIC

Office at the Daily REPUBLICAN
office, 108 West Second Street.
SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

Our Boys' Department

If you are looking for something good, visit our new department for Boys Clothing, where you will find represented some of the choicest styles from the best manufacturers in the country. Nobby patterns, full cut coat, pegtop knickerbocker trousers.

\$2.50 to \$8.50.

Ages 4 to 16.

Six months subscription to the "AMERICAN BOY" Magazine FREE with every Suit costing \$3.50 or more.

THE HUB

Popular Goods at Popular Prices

WALL PAPER

AT
T. R. CARTER'S
15 North Chestnut Street

WANT ADVERTISING

FOR RENT—Six room cottage with modern improvements. Inquire here. dtd

DRY WOOD FOR SALE—Cut last winter, \$1.25 and \$1.40 per cord. Jay C. Smith. o16d

APPLES—Received car of fine New York apples. Will sell lowest market price. See or write H. C. Beyer. o16d

FOR RENT—Last house on west Third street 7 rooms, barn, well and cistern. Inquire 207 E. Second street. o15d

FOR SALE—Will sell cheap if sold soon, new cottage, 5 large rooms, 2 closets, 2 porches, good well, good young shade, good shed 10x30, fenced and in good condition. Inquire here or 434 W. Seventh street. o15d

WANTED—By large, old established firm, capable man of good character, to hire and train canvassers. Weekly salary and commission. References required, call at Commercial Hotel 7 to 9 a. m. and 4 to 9 p. m. J. F. Robb. o14d

FOR SALE—At a bargain, if sold before November 10. Six room frame house and barn with large lot at 320 West Second street, lot extending from Second to Third streets, lot sufficient to accommodate two houses, one facing on Third and one on Second street. For further information address Mahlon E. Wilson, 63 Commercial Block, Salt Lake City, Utah. o30wed&Sat.

A Poor Weak Woman

As she is termed, will endure bravely and patiently agonies which a strong man would give way under. The fact is women are more patient than they ought to be under such troubles.

Every woman ought to know that she may obtain the most experienced medical advice free of charge and in absolute confidence and privacy by writing to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y. Dr. Pierce has been chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., for many years and has had a wider practical experience in the treatment of women's diseases than any other physician in this country. His medicines are world-famous for their astonishing efficacy.

The most perfect remedy ever devised for weak and delicate women is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG.

SICK WOMEN WELL.

The many and varied symptoms of woman's peculiar ailments are fully set forth in Plain English in the People's Medical Adviser (1008 pages), a newly revised and up-to-date Edition of which, cloth-bound, will be mailed free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay cost of mailing only. Address as above.



WATCHES for everybody, men and women, are a specialty at our store. We can please you in quality and design of the case as well as in the works. Come and see.

Let us do your repair work.

J. G. LAUPUS
Examiner of Watches for B. & O. S.W. and S. I. Railways.

PERSONAL.

Miss Louise Murphy spent Wednesday in North Vernon.

Cudwith Abel went to Brownstown Wednesday on business.

George Veshlage, Sr., went to Brownstown this morning.

Seba Barnes went to Brownstown this morning to attend court.

John Kamman returned this morning from a business trip west.

E. L. Brown made a business trip to Indianapolis this morning.

Louis Bloom, of Aurora, was in Seymour a short time Tuesday.

E. L. Giefe, of Vincennes, was in the city yesterday on business.

Judge Joseph H. Shea went to Brownstown Wednesday morning.

J. C. Trembly, of Columbus, transacted business in Seymour Tuesday.

Mrs. Will Clark and Miss Pearl Clark went to Indianapolis this morning.

Benson, the Columbus real estate man, was here on business this afternoon.

H. A. Wedding, of Washington, was a business caller in Seymour yesterday.

Miss Hannah Helt and Mrs. Harmon Helt, of Helt's Mill, spent yesterday in this city.

W. H. Hancock, of Brownstown, was in the city a short time Wednesday morning.

Mrs. Rowlid and daughter have returned home from a few days' visit in North Vernon.

Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Bartlett went to Louisville Tuesday to spend a few days with relatives.

Rev. D. G. Lewallen returned to Madison last evening after a brief visit here with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Harrell, of Clearspring, have been here visiting Thort Dadds and wife.

Mrs. Oscar Brooke was in Seymour Wednesday morning on her way to her home in Brownstown.

Albert Cordes went to North Vernon this morning after a short visit with his parents in this city.

Prosecuting Attorney Oren O. Swails went to North Vernon this morning to look after some court business.

S. G. Knight, who has been visiting near Seymour for a few weeks, went to Doyal, Tenn. this morning.

John White, who has been visiting relatives in Seymour, went to Kokomo this morning, where he is employed.

Rev. Harley Jackson will go to Pittsburg this week to attend the national convention of the Christian church.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Bare, of Mansfield, Ohio, arrived today to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Huffman and other relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Catt have returned from St. Louis and Washington and are occupying their new home on east Fourth street.

Mrs. Sarah Love, who has been visiting relatives in this city for several days, returned to her home in Indianapolis this morning.

Dr. Hughes Matlock and family, who have been visiting Wm. Matlock and family for several days, returned to their home in Tunnellton Tuesday.

Mrs. Frank Hancock and children, who have been visiting relatives in Brownstown for several days, returned to their home in Indianapolis Wednesday morning.

GOMPERS' RECEPTION

Labor Leader Receives a Notable Welcome Upon His Return.

Washington, Oct. 13.—Representing many parts of this country, Canada and even Cuba, organized labor paid a notable tribute last night in this city to the homecoming from Europe of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, who arrived early last evening from New York. The celebration in honor of his return, after an absence of several months, was probably the most enthusiastic demonstration ever accorded an American labor leader.

The occasion was featured by a monster parade, followed later by a big mass meeting at Convention hall. Estimates of enthusiasts as to the number of men and women who participated in the parade ran as high as 20,000.

Pennsylvania avenue from First street to Fifteenth and G streets was thronged with thousands of enthusiastic spectators. With thousands of the marchers carrying torches, with handsomely decorated floats, representing labor bodies, and the waving of innumerable American flags, the scene presented was picturesque. After the parade came the mass meeting in Convention hall. On the platform, in addition to Mr. Gompers and delegates from labor organizations from all parts of the country and others, were John Mitchell, former president of the United Mine Workers, and Senator Owen of Oklahoma.

An incident in connection with the parade which occasioned considerable discussion and comment, was the action of President Gompers in refusing to allow a company of the national guard of the District of Columbia to participate.

S.S.S. CURES ECZEMA, ACNE, TETTER ETC.

While Eczema, Acne, Tetter, Salt Rheum, etc., are troubles which affect the skin, their source is far deeper than the outside cuticle. These affections are caused by irritating humors, or uratic acid in the blood. Such impurities inflame and irritate the delicate network of fibrous tissue which lies just beneath the surface of the outer skin, and the inflammatory discharge thus produced is forced out through the pores and glands, and is continually kept up while the blood remains infected. This exudation causes the formation of scales and crusts so often seen in Eczema, and when they are scratched off the flesh is left raw and more susceptible to other infection. It can very readily be seen then that to produce a cure the circulation must be purified and cleansed. This S.S.S. will do. It goes down to the very bottom, removes all humors and impurities, neutralizes the excessive acids of the system and in this way removes the cause of disease. Local applications can only soothe the irritation and assist in keeping the skin clean; they never produce a cure because such treatment does not reach the blood. S.S.S. restores to the thin, acrid blood all its lost properties, makes it pure and rich and enables it to nourish the skin and keep it soft, smooth and healthy. Book on Skin Diseases and any medical advice free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA

A BRIGHT CHAPTER IN BASEBALL ANNALS

What Mullin Did to Pirates Was Plenty.

Detroit, Oct. 13.—By a score of 5 to 0, Detroit defeated Pittsburg Tuesday and evened up the count in the world's series, each now having two victories to its credit. The game was played with the mercury at 34 degrees above zero, but 17,036 persons braved the chilling temperature and freezing blasts, and the great majority of them felt well repaid for their polar experiences, because they were with Detroit.

The American League champions outclassed their rivals in every department of the game, and the pitching of George Mullin will make one of the brightest hits in the baseball history of Detroit. It is hard to conceive of any pitcher having his opponents more at his mercy than Mullin had Pittsburg. There was never a moment when he was not the absolute master of the situation, and he was at his best with men on the bases. Four hits represented the ability of the visitors, and no two of these were made in the same inning.

Mullin performed a feat in the third inning that will live long in the annals of baseball and was frozen on the minds of those who saw it. In the third inning he struck out the mighty Wagner, with two out and men on second and third. That was a mighty feat, but just previously he had struck out Manager Clarke, a hard hitter, with men on first and second. A double steal on Clarke's third strike moved the men to second and third, where they were when Wagner came to bat. Liefeld was also a victim on strikes in the third inning, giving Mullin three strike-outs in one session. All told he struck out the visitors ten times.

The victory of Detroit has toppled Pittsburg from its position as favorite in the betting and even money is now being offered. The teams left for Pittsburg last night and the fifth game will be played at Forbes Field today. The scene will then shift back to this city, where the sixth game is scheduled for Thursday.

Victim of a Mad Bull.

Laporte, Ind., Oct. 13.—Hiram Beament, aged seventy-six, a wealthy farmer of Laporte county, while in the barnyard was attacked by a mad bull and gored to death.

Jay Gould, youngest son of George J. Gould, has been elected a director of the Wabash railroad.

A ver used Letters

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Seymour and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the dead letter office.

GENTS.

Mr. Obed Church.
Mr. John Diggs.
Mr. M. C. Gates.
Mr. M. C. Gates.
Mr. A. J. Jones.
Abe Miller.
Mr. J. W. Moore.
Jno. F. O'Brien.

LADIES.

Miss Nana Allman.
Mrs. Lovina Herin.
Jossie Jackson.
Miss Margaret E. Lain.
WM. P. MASTERS, P. M.
Seymour, Oct. 11, 1909.

Suicide Precipitated the Situation.

Champaign, Ill., Oct. 13.—Indignant because a prominent business man committed suicide as the result of drinking at a social club, citizens of Urbana have subscribed several hundred dollars for the extermination of social clubs where liquor has been obtained by its members. Mayor Hubbard heads the list of contributors to the fund with a subscription of \$50.

The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, causing catarrh of the bladder, brick-dust or sediment in the urine, head ache, back ache, lame back, dizziness, sleeplessness, nervousness, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles almost always result from a derangement of the kidneys and better health in that organ is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. Swamp-Root corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often through the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest because of its remarkable health restoring properties. A trial will convince anyone. Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, and don't let a dealer sell you something in place of Swamp-Root—if you do you will be disappointed.

FOR RENT: 9 room house with gas and water.

FOR SALE: Second hand barn, cheap. See

E. C. BOLLINGER, Hancock Building

SUDIE MILLS MATLOCK

Piano Teacher,
Res. Studio: 521 N. Chestnut St.
SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

CONGDON & DURHAM

Fire, Tornado, Liability,
Accident and Sick Benefit

INSURANCE

Real Estate, Rental Agency
Prompt Attention to All Business

General Insurance

Farms and City Property
GEO. SCHAEFER
3 West Second Street
Phone 217

T. M. JACKSON,

Jeweler & Optician
104 W. SECOND ST.

Ladies and Gentlemen

Take your old clothes to
THE SEYMOUR TAILORS
And have them put in first class wearing condition.
117 NORTH CHESTNUT STREET
SEYMOUR, INDIANA

First Class Tailor

You will save money by having your clothes cleaned and pressed at DiMatteo's. Will make your last year's suit look new. Will call for work. Phone 468. D. DiMatteo, One door east of Interurban Station.

LEWIS & SWAILS
LAWYERS
SEYMOUR, INDIANA

ELMER E. DUNLAP, ARCHITECT

624-828 State Life Bldg. INDIANAPOLIS. Branch Office: Columbus

For Your Fall and Winter

Suit, Overcoat and Trousers, go to
A. SCIARRA, Reliable Tailor By Trade.

Remember Our New Location, 14 E. Second St.

BATHS

Take Turkish Salt-glass Baths for all kinds of Lung Trouble
SHLERT'S TURKISH BATH

PIANO TUNING

Piano tuning is a science acquired only after years of experience, and satisfactory results cannot be obtained without it. 15 Years Experience.

J. H. EuDaly

Good Teeth a Necessity To Enjoy Life

Note the following reasonable prices:

QUALITY and WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED.
Set of Teeth.....\$8.00
Gold Crowns, (22K).....\$5.00
Bridge Work.....\$5.00
Fillings.....75 cents and up

Extracting Painless With Nitrous Oxide
EXAMINATION FREE

Dr. R. G. Haas, No. 7 W. Second St., SEYMOUR.

CASCA

For Constipation

The Best Bowel, Stomach, Liver and Kidney Regulator Known

I use CASCA in my practice because it is the best remedy I have ever found for constipation.
H. J. SHERWOOD

FOR SALE BY ALL G. U. CO.

UNDERWEAR

The keen autumn air suggests heavier underwear. It's not time for the heavy winter weights, but just the time for our medium between-seasons weights. More and more men every year call for this underwear.

Jersey ribbed Merino and natural wool, soft, pliable and just the right weight, all sizes. 50 cents to \$1.50 the garment. Union suits, heavy bal-brigan and wove of medium weight, \$1.00 to \$3.00 the suit.

Thomas Clothing Co.

THE MEASURE OF MAN.

He who espouses perfection
Must follow the threefold plan
Of soul and mind and body
To compass the stature of man.

For deep in the primal substance,
With power and purpose and poise—
An order under the chaos,
A mystic beneath the noise—

The urge of a secret patience
Throbbeth into rhyme and form
Till instinct attained to vision
And the sentient clay grew warm.

For sense was a smoldering fire
And spirit a breath of air
Blowing out of the darkness,
Fostering reason's flare.

By loving, learning and doing,
Being must pass and climb
To goodness, to truthful beauty
Through energy, space and time;

Out of the infinite essence,
For the eternal employ,
Fashioning, freeing and kindling,
Symmetry, wisdom and joy.

Wherefore, the triune dominion—
Religion, science and art—
We may not disrupt nor divide,
Setting its kingdoms apart.

But ever, with glowing ardor
After the ancient plan,
Build the love and the rapture
Into the life of man.
—Bliss Carman.

Miss Priscilla's
... Experiment

The chestnuts were just bursting into bloom. For weeks now Priscilla had been watching them; first the big leaf buds bursting and growing day by day, then the torch-like sprays of budded blossoms, till in a few days the tall trees would be beautiful with the waxlike flowers.

But Priscilla knew she would not be there then. Great tears welled up in her eyes, and she turned impatiently from the window and faced the fussy little lawyer who had just been telling her there was nothing left now her father was dead, that even the old house and its furniture must be sold to pay the debts, the doctor, the nurses and the hundred and one expenses of their father's long illness.

"I—I shall be pleased to advise you, or—help you in any way," the old man said nervously as he went out, but Priscilla shrugged her shoulders. An old bachelor, who knew nothing of girls or their ways, what could he do? She stooped to pick up a paper he had dropped, then, seeing it was a letter, called after him. But he had gone. Scarcely knowing why she did it, she smoothed out the folded sheet, admiring the neat, even calligraphy of the writer, until, as her eyes fell on the signature, she started.

Colwyn Warr. How familiar it seemed! She had read and reread his books till she almost knew some of them by heart.

It was odd that this man of letters should write to the little lawyer. Without thinking it was wrong, she read the letter through.

"Dear Fairfax," it ran. "I don't want a young woman. They bore me to distraction. Although I am sorry for your protegee, I'd rather not establish a mutual admiration society here. Find one sensibly old who can type to my dictation, and who can write a decent hand. I don't even object to gray hair, so long as she can type well and hold her tongue. A chattering bread-and-butter miss would drive me mad in a fortnight."

For a minute or two Priscilla looked puzzled, then she frowned. After that she smiled, and finally she laughed.

"The old dear," she said. "So he's been trying to get me a post."

The next moment a look of determination filled her eyes.

"I'll show Mr. Colwyn Warr I'm not the bread-and-butter miss he imagines me to be," she said, and, springing up, she looked at herself long and earnestly in the glass.

A tall, pale-faced girl, with deep violet eyes and hair like sunbeams, looked back at her. Even when garbed in black no one could call her "sensibly old." She looked like the spirit of spring.

"I'll do it," she said, with decision in her voice, and she stole quietly upstairs, pausing for a moment with a little catch in her breath beside the door of the library, where she and her father had spent so many happy hours. It did not seem possible that the white-haired old scholar would never sit in there again with his beloved books. A mist crept over her eyes, and she shook herself with a weary sigh. For years she and her father had been alone, all in all to each other. Now she was alone.

Upstairs, in the dingy attire she donned, she laughed softly as she viewed herself in a mirror off which she wiped the dust of years. A complete change had been effected in her appearance. A wig of gray, with cork-screw curls on either side, a pair of smoked glasses and a quaint mantle and ancient bonnet transformed her into a demure Quakeress of sixty years or thereabouts, and Priscilla, whose forbears had, indeed, been Quakers, laughed in genuine enjoyment.

"I do look a respectable, sensible old sort of a body," she said. "I wonder what Mr. Fairfax will think."

What Mr. Fairfax really thought she never knew, for, as she was wont afterward to declare, the sight of her

literally took his breath away. He stared at her in complete bewilderment, and then, as she explained what she wanted him to do, he shook his head slowly.

"Oh, my dear, my dear," he said, "it would never do! You don't know Mr. Warr. He—he is very astute. He would never forgive me for playing a trick upon him."

"It is not a trick, Mr. Fairfax," she declared. "I have to earn my living. I am absolutely penniless, as you know, and here is a chance. This Mr. Warr wants a secretary who can type, and write a good hand, and you know I can do both. Besides, my experience with father ought to fit me for such a post."

"I—I know," he said. "You see, I—I thought of you, but, unfortunately, he thought you were too young."

"Does he know my name?" demanded Priscilla.

He shook his head. "Then I'm going," she declared. "Come, Mr. Fairfax, do be sensible! Let me have a chance. Give me a recommendation and send me along. I promise you I'll behave."

Mr. Fairfax looked troubled. Then Priscilla did a strange thing. Taking the little old man's hand in both of hers she bent and kissed his withered cheek.

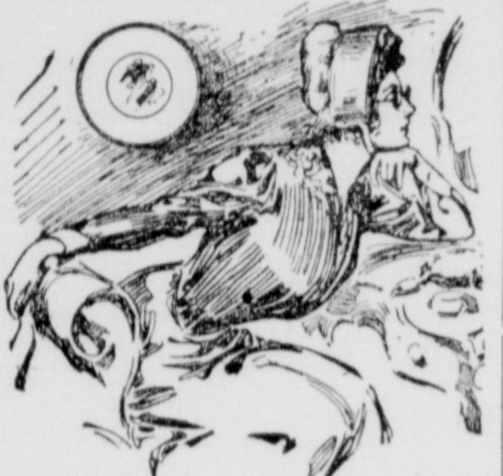
"Do, please, Mr. Fairfax," she said. "I've got nobody in the world now to help me but you."

After that, who could resist? Certainly not Mr. Fairfax.

If Colwyn Warr was surprised at the little, faded old woman whom his friend so warmly recommended, he never said as much in words, but sometimes as Priscilla raised her eyes from the machine at which she clicked so industriously, she would find him regarding her with a puzzled air, and secretly she trembled. Suppose he should find out! She had been here two months now, and the work was decidedly congenial, while her employer was all that she could desire.

He was young, much younger than she imagined, and he was decidedly good-looking. Priscilla found herself idly wondering why he had not married. Then she would chide herself harshly for troubling with his personal affairs, and would click on as industriously as before.

"You remind me of some one, Miss Priscilla," he said one day, and a quick



A COMPLETE CHANGE.

blush stole to her face, a blush not at all unbecoming to the little spinster she was supposed to be. But he said no more, and Priscilla was glad.

Then a strange thing happened again. Madge Viney, who had known Priscilla in happier times, came home from abroad, and nothing would content her but that Priscilla and she should resume the old friendship. Madge was rapidly becoming famous through her portrait painting, and one met many a celebrity in her salon, so that sometimes Priscilla trembled, fearful lest in one of her visits there Colwyn Warr might, too, drop in. Would he know her out of her disguise? In soft black draperies, and old lace about her throat, she wondered one Saturday afternoon as she sat listening to the buzz of conversation around.

The next moment she felt herself thrill all over as she heard a familiar voice, and in a few minutes Madge Viney was beside her.

"My dear," she said, in a decidedly mischievous voice, "Mr. Colwyn Warr wants to be introduced to you."

What she said, how she got through the next quarter of an hour, Priscilla never knew, but when she got home that night she flung herself down on her bed and sobbed.

"I love him, I love him," she moaned, "and now what shall I do? I shall be terrified lest he find me out."

The next day she started visibly each time her employer spoke to her, flushed and stammered and trembled, growing worse when, late in the afternoon, as she made tea as usual, he crossed the room and sat down beside her.

"Miss Priscilla," he said gravely, "I want your advice."

She looked at him timidly. "I have fallen in love," he said quietly. "I saw the woman last night I mean to make my wife. I saw her before, about three years ago."

Colwyn Warr had once been staying at a house where she had dined, and after dinner she had played Grieg to a few music lovers, he among them.

In her agitation now she put up her hands hurriedly. It was too late. The smoked glasses fell, but as she, trembling, put out her hands to replace them, he put his hand over hers.

"No, Priscilla," he said. "I have known all along. Let me see you as you are, darling!"

She looked up and met his eyes sparkling with merriment.

"You have known?" she gasped. He nodded.

"But why—" she began.

Then Colwyn Warr did a bold thing! "Because I wanted to make you love me, too," he said, as he kissed her.

Now when he wants to tease Priscilla he always declares she kissed him back again!—Philadelphia Telegraph.

DINNER IN A FOREIGN LAND.

Table Manners in a Turkish Gentleman's House.

Describing a Turkish dinner, a traveler says the repast commenced with green tea served in small glasses. To the principal native guest is given the honor of making the tea. The slave placed the brass tray in front of the man who was to do the honors of the evening, and who sat cross-legged on the divan. The methods of proceeding are not such as would recommend themselves to an English tea party.

Measuring the tea in his hand, he dropped it into the pot, and the slave poured boiling water over it. The pot was then filled with huge lumps of loaf sugar, broken roughly from a sugar loaf, and a little mint was added.

A small quantity of the concoction was poured into a glass, sipped—and poured back again into the pot, this process being continued until the required delicacy of flavor was reached. Each drank the customary three glasses of this strupy mixture, drawing through his teeth with a sound like a horse drinking. At a sign from the host the tray was removed, and another slave approached with a brass bowl of warm water. The guests washed their right hands preparatory to the dinner.

All sat around one small table about six inches high, upon which was placed the dish. The courses were many and varied. As says the Hadith, "The blessing of God rests on the food taken with the fingers," so all good Mohammedans follow the words of their prophet. No knife must be used on bread, and the small round loaves are broken and handed around. The tajin, or stew, is not difficult to manipulate, although the olives floating in argon oil slip through your fingers. Miniature tugs of war occur with your vis-a-vis in the effort to dismember a fowl or divide tough meat. As a particular mark of favor the host will from time to time place before you a little tidbit which he has torn off with his greasy fingers. However your stomach rebels against it, you have to swallow the morsel.

During the meal the national dish of cous-cous is invariably served. This dish is made from broken grains of wheat especially prepared by the women. It is served piled up like a huge cone, with the meat on top. Each person scoops out his own little hole in the side, and must not trespass on his neighbor's portion. To the inexperienced it is difficult to manage the cous-cous without making an awful mess of it. The small grain must be judiciously compressed into a loose ball and then shot into the mouth with the back of the thumb. Moors are great eaters, and little conversation is carried on during the meal. A bowl of water is passed from hand to hand for those who require drink. The last course finished, the bowl and water are once more requisitioned and the hands and mouth washed.

DOG A SUCCESSFUL GUIDE.

How the Animal Conducts Tourists to Romantic Spot in France.

Six miles south of Dinard (Ille-et-Vilaine), on passing through the village of Pleurtuit and descending into the deep valley of Fremur, the visitor finds the Crochais ponds, a widening of the river in a romantic spot between wooded slopes whose dark verdure is reflected in the somber waters. Vulgarisation Scientifique says. The whole valley being private property, dependent upon the neighboring Castle of Crochais, which dominates the hills, would-be visitors are directed to apply at the mill, whose great wheel is turned by the waters of the first pond. The miller pockets his gratuity, points out the intricate path that must be followed, then calls "Bernard" and, indicating the visitors, tells Bernard to go with them. Bernard is the dog that acts as guide in order to save the miller the journey and explanations.

The dog trots quietly along in front of those intrusted to his care and if they take a by-path he stops and waits till they rejoin him. It is easy to understand him. The walk is about a mile as far as the second pond, where it terminates. Bernard goes no further. If one tries to continue it is at his own risk and peril. Bernard will not budge from the spot, but squats down or carries on a flirtation at the second mill till one returns. As soon as he sees the visitor returning Bernard runs along the path back to the first pond and without repassing the mill where the visitor was committed to his charge he conducts him directly to the road for Pleurtuit. Then, when he sees the visitor set off on foot or in a carriage he turns his back and trots off home, and no amount of persuasion will induce him to accompany any one further on the road.

High Words.

"High words passed between Jones and Smith yesterday."

"Gracious! Did they fight?"

"No. They were aviating at the time. When Jones' airship approached Smith's airship Jones leaned out and asked Smith what o'clock it was."

—Birmingham Age-Herald.

When a drunken man doesn't think he is exceptionally wise the chances are he is beyond the thinking stage.



Where the Danger Lies.

"Yes, she is quite brave enough to go up in a balloon."

"But there is no danger in that."

"What! No danger in going up in a balloon?"

"No; all the danger lies in coming down."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Change.

"You do not act toward me as you did before we were married."

"Evidently we have both changed."

"How have I changed?"

"You would have scorned to have taken money from me before we were married, but you are different now."

—Houston Post.

Something in a Name.

The Summer Boarder—Circumstances! That is certainly a queer name for a mule.

The Farmer—Oh, I dunno. Didn't yew ever heer uv circumstances over which a fellow ain't got no control?—Brooklyn Citizen.

Thought He Meant Feet.



Miss Antique—I've walked twenty miles since breakfast. What do you think of that?

Mr. Kutting—Great feat.

Miss Antique—Sir!

As Advertised.

He—Are you the young woman to whom life would be a burden without the companionship of a man of noble character and imposing presence?—Ellegende Blatter.

The Widow's Foresight.

"What relic of your late husband do you cherish the most?"

"His shoes."

"How strange! And why?"

"Because I may find some one to fill them."

A Good Reason.

"Why do you want to sit in my lap, Lieschen; why not on the bench?"

"Because, auntie, I think the bench has just been painted!"—Ellegende Blatter.

A DREADED DUTY.

Soldiers Hate the Job of Guarding Military Prisoners.

The grimmest phase of the soldier boys' life is prison duty—the guarding of military prisoners. These are divided into two classes:

First—Garrison prisoners, who have received light sentences for minor breaches of discipline and will be returned to duty in a short time.

Second—Military convicts, who for attempted desertion or other serious military crimes have been dishonorably discharged by order of a court martial and have received sentences varying from a few months' to several years' confinement at hard labor, according to the gravity of the offense. Into their ranks the vicious element, or those who hold their oath of enlistment too lightly, eventually find their way.

Every morning at fatigue call the prisoners are drawn up in a long line in front of the guard house and surrounded by a chain of sentries. The sombre prison garb of the "generals"—military convicts were formerly known as "general prisoners"—is marked with gigantic capital "P's," which render them conspicuous and therefore make escape more difficult.

Some are evil-looking fellows with long and unsavory records. Doubtless many have "done time" more than once in civil prisons before evading the watchfulness of the recruiting officer and finding their way into the army. Others are rosy-cheeked lads who in all probability have yet to see their twenty-first birthday, and in nine cases out of ten the charge against them is desertion. Homesickness or restlessness under military restraint and discipline have led them into the rash act, the heavy penalties of which they may not have fully realized.

In groups of twos and threes and guarded by sentries with loaded rifles these men perform most of the disagreeable work and menial labor about the army post, which is highly varied in character and may consist

'Twas the Same Thing.

Merchant—Here, what I advertised for is a piano mover, and you say you're a piano finisher.

Applicant—Well, that's because I generally finish them when I move them.

Too Uncertain.

The traveling salesman had looked at Mrs. Dolan's third-floor back, and found it neat and attractive. "I'll take it for two months," he said, "and I always pay as I go. I suppose that will suit you?"

"It will not," said Mrs. Dolan, firmly. "There's times I'm not in the house when folks goes; they're liable to be called off suddint when I'm out o' the way. My boarders pays when they come—or else they don't come."—Youth's Companion.

So He Does.

"Do you believe tough beef is as good for a person as tender beef?"

"Better. The man who eats tough beef gets both nourishment and exercise."—Houston Post.

Man in Woman's Work.

Hubby—And what looks more awkward than to see a woman stepping off a street car?

Wife—I can tell you.

Hubby—What?

Wife—Why, a man washing dishes.

—Philadelphia Bulletin.

The Beauties of Nature.

"I suppose you get to admire a great deal of delightful scenery while touring in your car?"

"Yes, every time we have a breakdown."

Diplomatic Mike.

Hungry Higgins—Did youse get a meal outen dat sour face woma, up dere?

Mike—Sure.

Hungry Higgins—How did youse do it?

Mike—When she opened de door I sez, "Is your mother in, miss?"

Up-to-Date.

Lady—But poverty is no excuse for being dirty. Do you never wash your face?

Tramp (with an injured air)—Pardon me, lady, but I've adopted this 'ere dry-cleanin' process as bein' more 'ealthy an' 'lgeenic.—Punch.

And His Own Shortcomings.

Judge—You say your wife is in the habit of throwing things in your face. What, for instance?

Plaintiff—Her former husband's virtues, your honor.—Boston Transcript.

A Revisionist.

"When you started on your political career you made numerous excellent resolutions."

"Yes," answered Senator Sorghum, pensively; "but I have tacked on a great many amendments since then."—Washington Star.

Dead Broke.

The Count—Ah! yes, our distinguished family comes of one line of unbroken noblemen.

Miss Smart—I am so glad to hear it, count. Most noblemen I have met are always broken.

He Was Great.

"Yes, he's a great thinker, isn't he?"

"Yes. He thinks he knows it all."—Detroit Free Press.

How She Sang.

A maid was brushing her mistress' hair when she mentioned that she heard Miss Evans sing in the parlor the night before.

"And how did you like it?" asked the mistress.

"Oh, mum!" exclaimed the maid, "it wuz beautiful! She sung just as if she was gargling!"—Woman's Home Companion.

A Luxury.

"If you were worth a million you could afford to indulge in luxuries."

"Yep, I could afford to marry for love, then."—Houston Post.

Human vs. Dog Nature.



"Why do you keep that dog tied? There's no danger that he'll run away."

"That's just it. I keep him tied, in the hope that he will want to run away."

There's a Reason.

Binks—If you ever intend to marry pick out a woman who can swim.

Jinks—Why?

Binks—She can keep her mouth closed.

Domestic Amenities.

Wife—What book is that?

Hub—"The Sorrows of Satan."

Wife—So nice of you, dear, to be interested in the troubles of your friends.—Boston Transcript.

She Took a Pair.

"How much are these shoes?" asked the lady who had the reputation of being a shoe shopper.

"Those shoes are not for sale," replied the salesman, who had something of a reputation, too; "we're giving them away with every pair of shoe laces at \$3.50."—Judge.

NEW VEGETABLES.

Rivals of the Potato Being Tried Out in Southern States.

Efforts are being made to introduce in the Southern States certain useful vegetables hitherto unknown to this country, which are known in tropical regions as the yautia, the dasheen and the taro. The last named is already familiar as an ornamental plant, under the name of caladium or "elephant's ear." All three are nearly related, and their starchy, edible roots are highly prized in warm latitudes.

These roots, indeed, resemble the common potato in composition and in flavor. That of the yautia, for example, when properly cooked, is not easily distinguished from the "Irish" tuber. It is sometimes white, sometimes red and sometimes yellow, according to variety. So rich is it in starch that it yields nearly one-third of its weight in flour, and its leaves are prepared for the table after the manner of spinach.

One reason why it is deemed desirable to introduce these plants is that they flourish in land that is too wet for ordinary crops. It has been ascertained that they will grow well in this country as far north as the Carolinas. Not only are they useful by reason of their edible qualities, but their high yield of starch affords a prospect of great usefulness for them as stock food or in the production of alcohol.

The yautia seems to have been originally native to the West Indies. It was cultivated by the aborigines in those parts centuries before Columbus discovered America. Even to the present day its roots, which look somewhat like sweet potatoes, are raised on the islands of that archipelago in great quantities, the production often reaching ten tons to the acre. Did the white potato not exist they would take the place of it admirably.

You'll have to hand it to the go-sips. If it wasn't for them we would all be tempted to be a little more careless.

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PEARY'S EVIDENCE AGAINST DR. COOK

Alleges Cook Did Not Reach North Pole.

PROOF OF STATEMENT.

Witnesses Quoted Are Cook's Eskimo Boys.

NATIVES LAUGH AT CLAIM.

Point Out Limit of Explorer's Journey on Carefully Prepared Map.

New York, October 12.—The following statement of Commander Robert E. Peary, which he submitted, together with the accompanying map, to the Peary Arctic Club in support of his contention that Dr. Cook did not reach the North Pole, is now made public for the first time. The statement and map have been copyrighted by the Peary Arctic Club.

(Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1909, by the Peary Arctic Club, in the office of the Librarian of Congress, at Washington, D. C.)

INTRODUCTION BY PEARY.

Some of my reasons for saying that Dr. Cook did not go to the North Pole will be understood by those who read the following statements of the two Eskimo boys who went with him, and who told me and others of my party where he did go. Several Eskimos who started with Dr. Cook from Anoratok in February, 1908, were at Etah when I arrived there in August, 1908. They told me that Dr. Cook had with him, after they left, two Eskimo boys or young men, two sledges and some twenty dogs. The boys were I-took-a-shoo and Ah-pe-lah. I had known them from their childhood. One was about eighteen and the other about nineteen years of age.

On my return from Cape Sheridan and at the very first settlement I touched (Norge, near Cape Chalon) in August, 1909, and nine days before reaching Etah, the Eskimos told me, in a general way, where Dr. Cook had been; that he had wintered in Jones Sound and that he had told the white men at Etah that he had been a long way north, but that the boys who were with him, I-took-a-shoo and Ah-pe-lah, said that this was not so. The Eskimos laughed at Dr. Cook's story. On reaching Etah, I talked with the Eskimos there and with the two boys and asked them to describe Dr. Cook's journey to members of my party and myself. This they did in the manner stated below.

(Signed) R. E. PEARY.

SIGNED STATEMENT OF PEARY, BARTLETT, McMILLAN, BORUP AND HENSON, IN REGARD TO TESTIMONY OF COOK'S TWO ESKIMO BOYS.

The two Eskimo boys, I-took-a-shoo and Ah-pe-lah, who accompanied Dr. Cook while he was away from Anoratok in 1908 and 1909, were questioned separately and independently, and were corroborated by Panikpah, the father of one of them (I-took-a-shoo), who was personally familiar with the first third and the last third of their journey, and who said that the route for the remaining third, as shown by them, was as described to him by his son after his return with Dr. Cook.

Notes of their statements were taken by several of us, and no one of us has any doubt that they told the truth.

Their testimony was unshaken by cross-examination, was corroborated by other men in the tribe, and was elicited neither by threats nor promises, the two boys and their father talking of their journey and their experiences in the same way that they would talk of any hunting trip.

To go more into details: One of the boys was called in, and, with a chart on the table before him, was asked to show where he had gone with Dr. Cook. This he did, pointing out with his finger on the map, but not making any marks upon it.

As he went out, the other boy came in and was asked to show where he had gone with Dr. Cook. This he did, also without making any marks, and indicated the same route and the same details as did the first boy.

When he was through, Panikpah, the father of I-took-a-shoo, a very intelligent man, who was in the party of Eskimos that came back from Dr. Cook from the northern end of Nansen's Strait, who is familiar as a hunter with the Jones Sound region, and who has been in Commander Peary's various expeditions for some fifteen years, came in and indicated the same localities and details as the two boys.

Then the first boy was brought in again, and with a pencil he traced on the map their route, members of our party writing upon the chart where, according to the boy's statement, they

had killed deer, bear, some of their dogs, seal, walrus and musk-oxen.

The second boy was then called in and the two went over the chart together, the second boy suggesting some changes as noted hereafter.

Finally, Panikpah, the father, was again called in to verify details of the portions of the route with which he was personally familiar.

The bulk of the boys' testimony was not taken by Commander Peary, nor in his presence, a fact that obviates any possible claim that they were awed by him.

Certain questions on independent lines from the direct narrative of the

letter from Dr. Cook to Francke, dated the 17th of March. The two men rejoined the other four men who had been left behind, and the six returned to Anoratok, arriving May 7th. This information was obtained not from the two Eskimo boys, but from the six men who returned and from Francke himself, and was known to us in the summer of 1908, when the Roosevelt first arrived at Etah. The information is inserted here as supplementary to the narrative of the two boys.

After sleeping at the camp where the last two Eskimos turned back, Dr. Cook and the two boys went in a northerly or northwesterly direction with two sledges and twenty odd dogs, one more march, when they encountered rough ice and a lead of open water. They did not enter this rough ice, nor cross the lead, but turned westward or southwestward a short dis-

Did not remember exactly, but something over twenty.

How many sledges did they have when they got back to land? Ans. Two.

Did they have any provisions left on their sledges when they came back to land? Ans. Yes; the sledges still had about all they could carry, so they were able to take but a few things from the cache.

From here they then went southwest along the northwest coast of Heiberg Land to a point indicated on the map (Sverdrup's Cape Northwest).

From here they went west across the ice, which was level and covered with snow, offering good going, to a low island which they had seen from the shore of Heiberg Land at Cape

back, and the entire time during which he could possibly have made any attempts to go to it.

The answers of the Eskimo boys to Commander Peary's series of independent questions, showing that they killed no game, made no caches, lost no dogs, and returned to the land with loaded sledges, makes their attainment of the Pole on the trip North of Cape Thomas Hubbard a physical and mathematical impossibility, as it would demand the subsistence of three men and over twenty dogs during a journey of ten hundred and forty geographical miles on less than two sledge loads of supplies.

If it is suggested that perhaps Dr. Cook got mixed and that he reached the Pole, or thought he did, between the time of leaving the northwest coast of Heiberg Land at Cape Northwest, and his arrival at Ringnes Land, where they killed the deer, we must then add to the date of Dr. Cook's letter of March 17th, at or near Cape Thomas Hubbard, the subsequent four or five sleeps at that point, and the number of days required to march from Cape Thomas Hubbard to Cape Northwest (a distance of some sixty nautical miles), which would advance his date of departure from the land to at least the 25th of March, and be prepared to accept the claim that Dr. Cook went from Cape Northwest (about latitude eighty and a half degrees North) to the Pole, a distance of five hundred and seventy geographical miles, in twenty-seven days.

After killing the deer they then travelled south along the east side of Ringnes Land to the point indicated on the chart, where they killed another deer. They then went east across the south part of Crown Prince Gustav Sea to the south end of Heiberg Land, then down through Norwegian Bay, where they secured some bears, but not until after they had killed some of their dogs, to the east side of Graham Island; then eastward to the little bay marked "Eld's Fiord" on Sverdrup's chart; then southwest to Hell's Gate and Simmon's Peninsula.

Here for the first time during the entire journey, except as already noted off Cape Thomas H. Hubbard, they encountered open water. On this point the boys were clear, emphatic, and unshakable. They spent a good deal of time in this region, and finally abandoned their dogs and one sledge, took to their boat, crossed Hell's Gate to North Kent, up into Norfolk Inlet, then back along the north coast of Colin Archer Peninsula to Cape Vera, where they obtained fresh elder ducks' eggs. Here they cut the remaining sledge off, that is shortened it, as it was awkward to transport with the boat, and near here they killed a walrus.

The statement in regard to the fresh elder duck eggs permits the approximate determination of the date at this time as about the first of July. (This statement also serves, if indeed anything more than the inherent straightforwardness and detail of their narrative were needed, to substantiate the accuracy and truthfulness of the boys' statement. This locality of Cape Vera is mentioned in Sverdrup's narrative as the place where during his stay in that region he obtained elder ducks' eggs.)

From Cape Vera they went on down into the southwest angle of Jones Sound, where they killed a seal; thence east along the south coast of the Sound, killing three bears at the point noted on the map, to the peninsula known as Cape Sparbo on the map, about midway on the south side of Jones Sound. Here they killed some musk-oxen and, continuing east, killed four more at the place indicated on the chart, and were finally stopped by the pack ice at the mouth of Jones Sound. From here they turned back to Cape Sparbo, where they wintered and killed many musk-oxen.

After the sun returned in 1909 they started, pushing their sledge, across Jones Sound to Cape Tennyson; thence along the coast to Clarence Head (passing inside of two small islands not shown on the chart, but drawn on it by the boys), where they killed a bear; thence across the broad bight in the coast to Cadogan Fiord; thence around Cape Isabella and up to Commander Peary's old house in Payer Harbor near Cape Sabine, where they found a seal cached for them by Panikpah, I-took-a-shoo's father. From here they crossed Smith Sound on the ice, arriving at Anoratok.

(Signed) R. E. PEARY, U. S. N. ROBERT A. BARTLETT, Master S.S. Roosevelt. D. B. McMILLAN, GEORGE BORUP, MATTHEW A. HENSON.

DR. COOK REPLIES TO PEARY STORY

Says Eskimos Threw Their Inquisitor Off.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 13.—"It is the same old story," said Dr. Cook, when he was shown the statement issued by Commander Peary, together with the map accompanying it.

"I have replied to the points raised a dozen times," he continued. "The map published by Commander Peary in itself indicates that the Eskimos have respected their promise made to me, and that they would not give any information to Peary or his men."

"Mr. Whitney has said that during the cross-examination conducted by Commander Peary and others of his expedition, the Eskimos did not understand the questions put to them or the map which was laid before them. Their replies to the questions put have been twisted to suit a perverted interest."

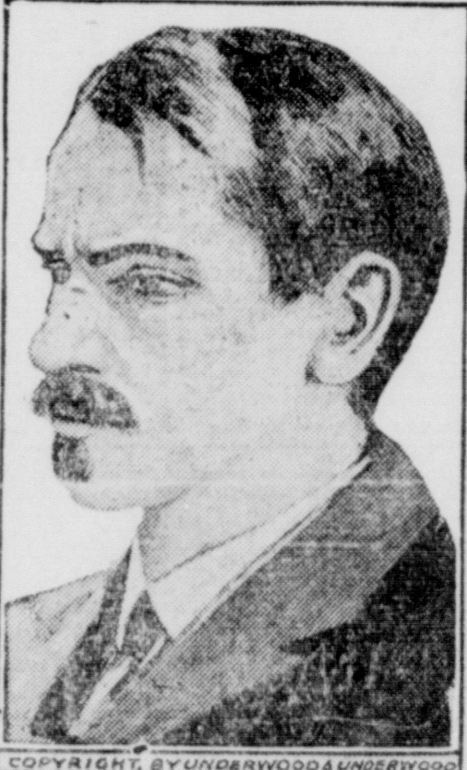
"I will not enter into any argument about the matter, but I will bring the Eskimos to New York at my own expense and they will prove, as did Mr. Whitney, all that I have claimed."

The doctor continued: "Rasmussen, who will be here shortly, has seen the Eskimos and knows the real story. They did not try to deceive him. He was with them for fourteen days. They know him and told him everything. He speaks the Eskimo language, for he is a semi-Eskimo himself and the people have the most complete confidence in him. That is all I have to say now."

INDIANA TO HAVE AN AIRSHIP PLANT

Curtiss Going to Move to Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Oct. 12.—Glenn H. Curtiss, world's champion aviator, is coming to Indianapolis to make his headquarters at the motor speedway. He was expected to reach this city today from St. Louis, where he has been



GLENN H. CURTISS.

taking part in an aerial carnival. If the speedway comes up to his expectations and its promoters are confident it will, Curtiss will move his flying machine factory to this city from Hammondsport. At the speedway arrangements are being made for practice aeroplane flights.

He Meant All Right.

Miss Fisher—I really don't think I shall take part again in theatricals. I always feel as though I were making a fool of myself.

Pilkins (who always says the wrong thing)—Oh, everybody thinks that—

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Prevailing Current Prices For Grain and Livestock.

Indianapolis Grain and Livestock.
Wheat—Wagon, \$1.15; No. 2 red, \$1.17½. Corn—No. 2, 61c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 39½c. Hay—Clover, \$11.00@12.00; timothy, \$14.50@16.50; mixed, \$13.00@14.00. Cattle—\$3.50@7.50. Hogs—\$4.50@8.10. Sheep—\$4.00@4.25. Lambs—\$4.50@6.75. Receipts—8,000 hogs; 1,200 cattle; 550 sheep.
At Cincinnati.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.18½. Corn—No. 2, 62c. Oats—No. 2, 42½c. Cattle—\$2.25@6.35. Hogs—\$4.25@8.00. Sheep—\$1.75@4.25. Lambs—\$5.00@6.50.
At Chicago.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.18½. Corn—No. 2, 60½c. Oats—No. 2, 38½c. Cattle—Steers, \$5.60@8.80; stockers and feeders, \$3.75@5.50. Hogs—\$5.75@8.10. Sheep—\$3.00@5.50. Lambs—\$5.00@7.10.
Livestock at New York.
Cattle—\$3.50@7.35. Hogs—\$5.00@8.30. Sheep—\$2.50@4.50. Lambs—\$5.75@7.35.
At East Buffalo.
Cattle—\$3.50@7.00. Hogs—\$5.00@8.00. Sheep—\$3.00@5.15. Lambs—\$5.50@7.75.
Wheat at Toledo.
Dec., \$1.22½; May, \$1.23½; cash, \$1.21½.



The accompanying map is reproduced exactly from the original submitted by Commander Peary with his official statement by which he hopes to prove that Dr. Frederick A. Cook never reached the north pole. The map purports to have been traced out in the presence of the two Eskimos who were with Dr. Cook and, according to Peary, is based upon their actual statements as to Cook's entire journey. The dotted lines in the small map in the upper left hand corner is the route which Dr. Cook says he took on his journey to and from the pole after leaving Cape Thomas Hubbard. The irregular line extending northeast from Isachsen Land is the edge of the land ice, beyond which, Peary declares, Dr. Cook did not venture.

Eskimo boys were suggested by Commander Peary to some of us, and were put by us to the Eskimo boys.

Still later, Commander Peary asked the Eskimo boys two or three casual questions on minor points that had occurred to him.

During the taking of this testimony, it developed that Dr. Cook had told these boys, as he told Mr. Whitney and Billy Pritchard, the cabin boy, that they must not tell Commander Peary or any of us anything about their journey, and the boys stated Dr. Cook had threatened them if they should tell anything.

The narrative of these Eskimos is as follows:

They, with Dr. Cook, Francke and nine other Eskimos, left Anoratok, crossed Smith's Sound to Cape Sabine, slept in Commander Peary's old house in Payer Harbor, then went through Rice Strait to Buchanan Bay. After a few marches Francke and three Eskimos returned to Anoratok.

Dr. Cook, with the others, then proceeded up Flagler Bay, a branch of Buchanan Bay, and crossed Ellesmere Land through the valley pass at the head of Flagler Bay, indicated by Commander Peary in 1898, and utilized by Sverdrup in 1899, to the head of Sverdrup's "Bay Fiord" on the west side of Ellesmere Land.

Their route then lay out through this fiord, thence north through Sverdrup's "Heuerka Sound" and Nansen Strait.

On their way they killed musk-oxen and bear, and made caches, arriving eventually at a point on the west side of Nansen Strait (shore of Axel Heiberg Land of Sverdrup), south of Cape Thomas Hubbard.

A cache was formed here and the four Eskimos did not go beyond this point. Two others, Koolootingwah and Inughto went on one more march with Dr. Cook and the two boys, helped to build the snow igloo, then returned without sleeping.

(These two Eskimos brought back a

tance and returned to Heiberg Land at a point west of where they had left the cache and where the four men had turned back.

Here they remained four or five sleeps, and during that time I-took-a-shoo went back to the cache and got his gun which he had left there, and a few items of supplies.

When asked why only a few supplies were taken from the cache, the boys replied that only a small amount of provisions had been used in the few days since they left the cache, and that their sledges still had all they could carry, so that they could not take more.

After being informed of the boys' narrative thus far, Commander Peary suggested a series of questions to be put to the boys in regard to this trip from the land out and back to it.

These questions and answers were as follows:

Did they cross many open leads or much open water during this time? Ans. None.

Did they make any caches out on the ice? Ans. No.

Did they kill any bear or seal while out on the ice north of Cape Thomas Hubbard? Ans. No.

Did they kill or lose any of their dogs while out on the ice? Ans. No.

With how many sledges did they start? Ans. Two.

How many dogs did they have? Ans.

Northwest. On this island they camped for one sleep.

The size and position of this island, as drawn by the first boy, was criticised by the second boy as being too large and too far to the west, the second boy calling the attention of the first to the fact that the position of the island was more nearly in line with the point where they had left Heiberg Land (Cape Northwest) and the channel between Amund Ringnes Land and Elle Ringnes Land.

This criticism and correction was accepted by the first boy, who started to change the position of the island, but was stopped, as Commander Peary had given instructions that no changes or erasures were to be made in the route as drawn by the Eskimos on the chart.

From this island they could see two lands beyond (Sverdrup's Ellef Ringnes and Amund Ringnes Lands). From the island they journeyed toward the left hand one of these two lands (Amund Ringnes Land), passing a small island which they did not visit. Arriving at the shore of Amund Ringnes Land, the Eskimos killed a deer as indicated on the chart.

The above italicised portion of the statement of the Eskimo boys covers the period of time in which Dr. Cook claims to have gone to the Pole and